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The Hongkong Telegraph

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MONDAY, AUGUST 2, 1926.

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EUGENE CHEN ON U. S. POLICY.

WARNING UTTERED.

The Foreign Office in Canton has authorized the publication of the following reply to the communication of the American Consul-General in which he answered the note of the Acting Minister for Foreign Affairs protesting against the resumption of the Special Tariff Conference:

Canton, July 28, 1926.

Sir,—I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your letter, dated July 26, in reply to my note of protest against the resumption of the Special Tariff Conference at Peking. In no querulous sense do I draw your attention to the fact that the text of your reply was handed to Reuters' Agency in time for publication in Peking and elsewhere on July 24—48 hours before it was delivered at this Ministry. While I do not wish to stress this lapse in procedure, you will, I do not doubt, agree that its repetition should be avoided in the future.

I note that Mr. MacMurray views my Government's strong opposition to the resumption of the Conference as evidence of "a disheartening lack of unanimity amongst the Chinese people in respect to the efforts of the Government of the United States jointly with the other friendly Powers concerned to carry out its purpose of bringing into effect certain readjustments in its treaty relations with China." But what seems to Mr. MacMurray to be a "disheartening lack of unanimity" in understanding and appreciating the policy of the United States is, in truth, a convincing proof that that policy is wrong at once in conception and in application.

WHY AMERICAN POLICY IS WRONG.

The policy is wrong because it is an expression of American failure to realize that the Chinese situation is fundamentally a Revolutionary situation and that, therefore, a Revolutionary i.e. a fundamental solution is necessary as opposed to a solution involving a series of so-called "evolutionary" readjustments. And the situation is Revolutionary because the principle change implicit in the Revolution of 1911-12 has not yet been worked out in the life of the Nation, particularly in its politico-economic aspect, owing to the constant interference and intervention, direct and indirect, of certain Foreign Powers who (to cite some signal instances) first supported Yuan Shih-kai in his attempt to destroy the Chinese Republic and financed him with the Reorganization Loan of 1913, next supported T'uan Chi-jui in his attempt to destroy the Chinese Republic and financed him with the Nishihara and other loans, then supported Wu Pei-fu and financed him with Customs and Salt surpluses, and are now contemplating the support of a composite strong man in the diversified persons of Wu Pei-fu and Chang Tso-lin and the financing of this brace of militarists with the proceeds of a loan to be secured on the promised Tariff surtaxes.

Persistence in such a policy makes not only for Chinese disorder and what is called "chaos" in this country but for the intellectual confusion and moral bankruptcy of the diplomacy of the Powers. And naught but a "disheartening lack of unanimity" will manifest itself whenever the Government of the United States is moved to apply its "evolutionary" policy to the Revolutionary facts of the Chinese situation.

WANT FUNDAMENTAL SOLUTION.

Nationalist China insists on a fundamental solution of the group of issues known as the Chinese question. Internally, the means that the new military and political technique which has enabled the Nationalist Government to unify

(Continued on Page 12.)

DANISH MOTOR SHIP AGROUND.

HEAVILY LADEN VESSEL STUCK IN MUD.

WAITING FOR TIDE.

While the Danish motor ship, Denmark, belonging to the East Asiatic Company, the local agents for which are Messrs. John Manners and Company, was slowly proceeding down the fairway off Kowloon Point at about nine o'clock this morning, she grounded on the mud bank at that spot and, despite the efforts of her own engines, failed to move.

The vessel was making up to the Kowloon Wharf at the time, having just arrived in harbour on her way out from Europe. She was fully loaded and drawing a big depth of water. It was low tide and the boat gently slid on to the mud and remained fast.

On making enquiries, the Telegraph learns that there is no question of employing tugs to help her off as there is a big tide rise to-day and little doubt but that the ship will refloat without having suffered any harm or damage.

There was roughly 12,000 tons of general cargo in her holds, and she drew 28 feet forward and 29 feet aft. The pilot seemingly took her too close to the Kowloon bank and she grounded in 25 feet of water, her stern gradually swinging round with the tide until she came to rest with her bows pointing directly towards the Clocktower.

The mishap occurred just two hours before low tide, and it is not expected that she will get off until about two o'clock this afternoon. Meanwhile her Hongkong cargo, some 760 tons, is being discharged to save time.

The vessel is a comparatively new vessel of 8,331 tons and was on her second trip to the East.

A similar accident befel the motorship Tongking of the same line at almost the same spot some few months ago. It was said to-day that the chart shows thirty feet of water at the spot where the vessel grounded, and it is thought that the bar had silted up through the recent heavy rains.

MACAO'S GOVERNOR.

ENTERTAINED IN HONGKONG.

H. E. the Governor of Macao arrived in the Colony last evening on board the Portuguese cruiser Republic, being on his way from Macao to Portugal. His Excellency, Senhor Maia Magalhães, who is accompanied by Lady Magalhães and Miss Magalhães, was greeted by a naval salute on entering the harbour and was met by a representative of H. E. the Governor and the Commodore.

Last evening at the Hongkong Hotel a special dinner party was given in honour of the visitors by Mr. J. A. E. da Silva, of Macao, among those present being H. E. Lady and Miss Maia Magalhães, Dr. Alfonso Albuquerque (chief of Staff), the Consul General for Portugal and Mrs. and Miss Albuquerque Castro, the Commander and the Captain of the "Republic," Mrs. Santos and Mrs. Santos, Mr. and Mrs. Roza, and Mrs. Silva Netto, Dr. F. Horta, (Portuguese Consul at Canton), Colonel Viana, Mr. P. V. Botelho, Mr. Sousa, Miss Costa Nunes and others.

During the evening several toasts were honoured, speeches being made by the host, His Excellency, the Consul General, Dr. Horta and others.

TO-DAY'S PROGRAMME.

This morning, the distinguished visitor will make a call on His Excellency the Governor (Sir Cecil Clementi) at Mountain Lodge and will stay to tiffin. This afternoon he will take tea at the residence of the Consul General, on Barker Road, and this evening, after dinner, will receive a presentation from local Portuguese organisations.

He will later embark on board the ss. Van Buren, by which steamer he is proceeding home.

LABOUR UNREST.

LATEST SHANGHAI REPORTS.

ROIT AT A MILL.

Strike settlements, lock-out settlements, new strikes and sabotage were features of developments in labour circles at the great Japanese-owned cotton mill in and around Shanghai on July 24th.

The month-old sympathy strike of workers at the Naigai Wata Kaisha Mill No. 5, 19 West Soochow Road, which was called as a protest against the lock-out declared at Mills 3 and 4, was settled and 383 of the day shift and 618 of the night shift returned to work. Normal shifts are 750, both day and night.

The lock-out and strike at the company's No. 3 and No. 4 mills were settled on the same terms, and next day the three big plants were expected to be running full blast.

SETTLEMENT TERMS.

Peace agreements, according to the Chinese Press, under which the strikes were called off provide that hereafter no worker shall be dismissed without reasonable cause; that no police shall be permitted to enter the mill "to assault workmen or to arrest them without grave reason;" and that the mill company shall make a loan of \$5 to each worker, to be repaid in five equal monthly instalments. The agreement has the approval of the Shanghai General Labour Union and of the Cotton Mill Workers' Union.

2,000 STRIKE.

At the Nikka Cotton Mill, Pootung, the 2,000 workers on the day shift struck for a daily rice bonus of 5 cents a day, and 1,750 of the night crew followed suit. The workers remained at the mill, and for a time threatened violence. Machinery was damaged by the strikers to the extent of \$700, but a semblance of order was maintained by a force of 30 special policemen. No arrests were made. The price of rice, is now from \$15.80 to \$17.80 per picul, and many other "rice money" demands are expected from miscellaneous unions.

Another rice strike declared on July 24th, involves the idleness of 4,000 male and female workers who have been employed at the Japan-China Cotton Mill at Pootung. The demands formulated began as a protest against what was considered an unreasonably low compensation offered to the family of a workman killed at the mill by a live wire, but in the end the main feature of the dispute which led to the strike had to do with the company's refusal of a temporary bonus of 10 cents a day as rice money.

SYRIAN WAR.

BIG BATTLE NEAR DAMASCUS.

London, August 1. The stubborn nature of the Syrian insurrection is indicated, in messages from Egypt, from which it appears that the movement against the French is spreading.

A message from Beirut to the Cairo newspaper Les Plois describes a to-day battle which has been raging since July 18 in the gardens surrounding Damascus, in which 18,000 French troops are engaged. At the moment there has been no decisive victory. The French have razed several villages and bombarded the Kurdish quarter of Damascus.—Reuter.

TWO ASSASSINATION PLOTS.

ATTEMPT ON SPANISH DICTATOR.

MEXICAN INCIDENT.

Paris, August 1.

A message from Barcelona says that an attempt has been made to assassinate General Primo de Rivera, but that the Premier escaped unhurt. He has left for Madrid.—Reuter.

It appears that the Premier's assailant hurled a dagger at a closed motor car in which General Primo de Rivera was driving. Nobody was injured. The assailant was arrested.—Reuter.

MEXICAN PLOT.

Mexico City, August 1. The police have arrested seven women and two men who are alleged to be connected with a plot to assassinate President Calles.

The arrested persons are said to belong to the League for the Defence of Religious Liberty.

The police are searching for the alleged ringleader, Senorita Dolores Lemus, a beautiful stenographer, and other suspects.

Up to the present there have been no serious disturbances in the city as the result of the new religious regulations.—Reuter's American Service.

CANTON TROOPS WARNED.

TEN MILITARY REGULATIONS.

In connection with the campaign against the North, General Chang Kai-shek has issued a warning to the soldiers at the front and announced 10 military regulations for "observance" by the Revolutionary troops. The proclamation reads:

"It is very important that revolutionary soldiers should adhere to strict discipline, realise the Three People's Theory and sacrifice their lives for the Party and country. Everywhere support has been given to our present expedition. Soldiers and people are like one body and should love and co-operate with each other. No soldier in any army should disturb the people; and at whatever city, village, and market-place the army arrives, peace and order of the locality should be maintained. If any soldier gives himself to unruly actions, he will be punished according to military law.

All soldiers are hereby specially notified and warned to obey the law.

1. Whoever disobeys orders will be shot.
2. Whoever assaults girls and women, plunders and burns villages will be shot.
3. Whoever retreats cowardly from the front will be shot.
4. Whoever conveys false orders will be shot.
5. Whoever helps the enemy will be shot.
6. Whoever conspires with the enemy will be shot.
7. Whoever plots to revolt will be shot.
8. Whoever threatens superior officers will be shot.
9. Whoever divulges secret military tactics will be shot.
10. Whoever fabricates rumours in order to deceive others will be shot.

CROPS DAMAGED.

RESULT OF THE HURRICANE.

London, August 1. A message from San Juan, Porto Rico, says that a Government report indicates that the recent hurricane damaged thirty per cent. of the coffee crop, which promised to be a large increase over last year's crop. The sugar crop was only slightly damaged.—Reuter.

UNDER ARREST.

SHANGHAI COURT CLERK APPREHENDED.

IN SEATTLE GAOL.

William Alden Chapman, Clerk of the United States Court for China in Shanghai, wanted here on a charge of embezzling \$30,000 of the American government's money, was gaoled on July 24th when the s.s. President Jefferson landed at Seattle, according to cable advices received by United States District Attorney Leonard G. Husar.

When he was searched by the arresting officers, the cable added, Mr. Chapman was found to be carrying with him G.\$1,700, of which G.\$1,000 was in a bank draft, and the balance in cash and in travellers' cheques. This money, in view of the charges, is being held by the American Federal authorities in Seattle until they receive further advices from Shanghai.

NEXT STEP.

The next step in the case, according to Mr. Husar, will be for Chapman to ask for bail, and if he cannot raise the amount demanded he will have to stay in gaol until the arrival at Seattle from Shanghai of Mr. Husar's certified copy of the investigation which has been made here since Chapman left on July 6. This certified copy left Shanghai this morning on the Empress of Russia, and should reach the Seattle authorities on August 9 or 10. Chapman will appear before Judge Jeremiah Netterer, Federal District Judge for the western district of Washington.

When Chapman left it was assumed he was going to Japan on a vacation trip, but subsequent investigation of his accounts, at the insistence of the State Department, resulted in uncovering the alleged \$30,000 shortage. It is charged that speculations have gone on for a period of two years, during which time Chapman ignored all requests from the State Department for the quarterly financial reports demanded under department regulations.

RECORD SENT TO U. S.

After the certified copy of the Shanghai proceedings reach the Federal authorities in Seattle the next step will be to have Chapman in court on removal proceedings, for it is hoped it will be possible to bring him back to Shanghai for trial. It is not known whether he will fight extradition, but even if he does so successfully he can be tried in the United States, in Mr. Husar's opinion. In support of this opinion Mr. Husar cites statutes classifying embezzlement of Federal funds as a "continuing offence," which means that he could be tried on the charge any place in the United States. If the trial is held in Seattle it is probable that several witnesses will have to go from Shanghai.

It is assumed in Shanghai that the authorities in Seattle followed Mr. Husar's cable advice and boarded the President Jefferson outside the quarantine station at Victoria, B.C., and thus made it possible for Chapman to land in Canada and fight extradition from alien soil.

WASTING WATER.

GARAGE MECHANIC FINED.

Prosecuting a Chinese for wasting water, Mr. J. T. Ewing, an overseer of the Public Works Department, in Major C. Willson's Court this morning, said that they wished to conserve the water supply as much as possible on the upper levels. In the present case, the defendant, who is a mechanic in a garage at Caine Road, was wasting water. The defendant was seen to spray the roadside with water drawn from a tap in the garage.

In reply to his Worship, defendant said that it was very warm that day. The roadside was sun-baked, and he only wanted to temper the heat inside the garage. A fine of \$20 was imposed.

JAPANESE STEAMER'S ESCAPE.

EXCITING INCIDENT ON THE HUANGPU.

TWO CHINESE KILLED.

There were remarkable and distressing scenes in the Huangpu yesterday week when a Japanese steamer ran amok in a style that more closely approximated to the strict interpretation of that term than what usually is the case when it is used.

The Tai-sho Maru was going up river on a slack tide, about 2.30 p.m., and according to subsequent explanations, she deviated from her course in order to avoid a collision with a sailing junk. The danger, the junk might have been in, however, was nothing compared to what happened afterwards.

The steamer went over rather too far and before she could be taken into control again, she crashed into Messrs. Butterfield & Swire's No. 5 double pontoon, the last one in the river. Narrowly missing a direct collision with two of the firm's steamers moored there, the Japanese boat then slid in behind them and there were scenes of dreadful havoc.

She tore the pontoons away from the struts of the bridges, damaged both the steamers and sank two of the Butterfield & Swire motor boats, the Taikoo Wo and the Taikoo Lee. Five sampans were demolished and a ferry boat was capsized. On the latter there were 10 people and the load of a launch towing it has reported that all were drowned. Various small cargo boats also either were capsized or smashed and their cargoes were lost.

One dead body was recovered by the River Police and taken to the Mortuary and another was removed by the dead man's relatives. The River Police were able to relieve several injured people, who were sent to hospital.

MOTOR CYCLING ACCIDENTS.

SHANGHAI POLICE OFFICERS INJURED.

Two police officers whilst motor-cycling on different roads on July 24th were severely injured when their machines were bumped by high-powered motor cars. The men are now in hospital.

According to police accounts, Sgt. W. J. Heritage, who is attached to Pootung Road station, about 1 o'clock Saturday morning was riding east on Bubbling Well Road and slowed down at the Gordon Road corner to make the turn when a large hire car, with a party from the Majestic Hotel, cut the corner sharp and collided with the cyclist. Sgt. Heritage, thrown far from his machine, was gashed deeply in the right arm, the muscles being torn loose, and received a nasty flesh wound on the chin. Taken to the hospital, the police officer was immediately attended to and is reported to be resting quietly.

In the afternoon Sgt. W. Parker was in the vicinity of the Hungjao Golf Club and going in a westerly direction when he was overtaken by a motor car, which struck the machine, throwing him off. The driver did not stop and no one got his number. Sgt. Parker was also taken to the hospital, where it was ascertained that he had flesh cuts on the right arm, hip, leg, and foot. His condition is not so serious as that of Sgt. Heritage.

COBBHAM'S PROGRESS.

ARRIVES AT BATAVIA.

Mr. Alan Cobham has arrived here.—Reuter.

TARIFF PARLEY.

CANTON OPPOSED TO RESUMPTION.

LATEST DECLARATION.

The Canton Government has issued the following declaration in regard to the suggested resumption of the Tariff Conference in Peking:

"For the last eighty years, the Chinese Customs Tariff has been held in restraint by the Unequal Treaties. The tariff has to be fixed by Convention; the sovereignty of the Customs has been usurped by foreigners; and the door of China has been flung open. Foreign goods have flooded the country to such extent that domestic industries, being unable to compete, decline more and more every day. Imports by far exceed exports, and this unfavourable balance of trade increases with time, causing a shortage of material and capital, and a general depression of the people's livelihood. Such are the evil consequences of the loss of independence over the Customs.

CHINESE RESISTANCE.

"Recently, the Chinese people, feeling the alien aggressions too painful, began to offer resistance. The May 30th movement is the most ardent and universal resistance ever made in China. Seeing this, the Imperialists are shocked. They see that force alone is incapable of suppressing China; a milder method is necessary.

"On this account the Tariff Conference decided by the Washington Conference several years ago was at last convened in October last year. At this time, it happened that the reins of the Peking Government was in the hands of T'uan Chi-jui, a country-betraying traitor. Being aware that the convention of this Conference was an outward show staged by the Powers in favour of the T'uan Government, having little or no regard for the welfare of the people, this Party issued a declaration before the Conference was opened, to the effect that the Peking Government was unreliable; that even though the terms propounded by it might not be contrary to public sentiment, it was not certain that it would fight to the last, and that it might start the Conference by fighting for autonomy and conclude by sacrificing it.

TUAN RUNS AWAY.

"Unfortunately, our prediction turns out to be the simple truth. The Conference was not finished and T'uan had run away, following which Wu and Chang have come into power and succeeded him in usurping the reins of Government.

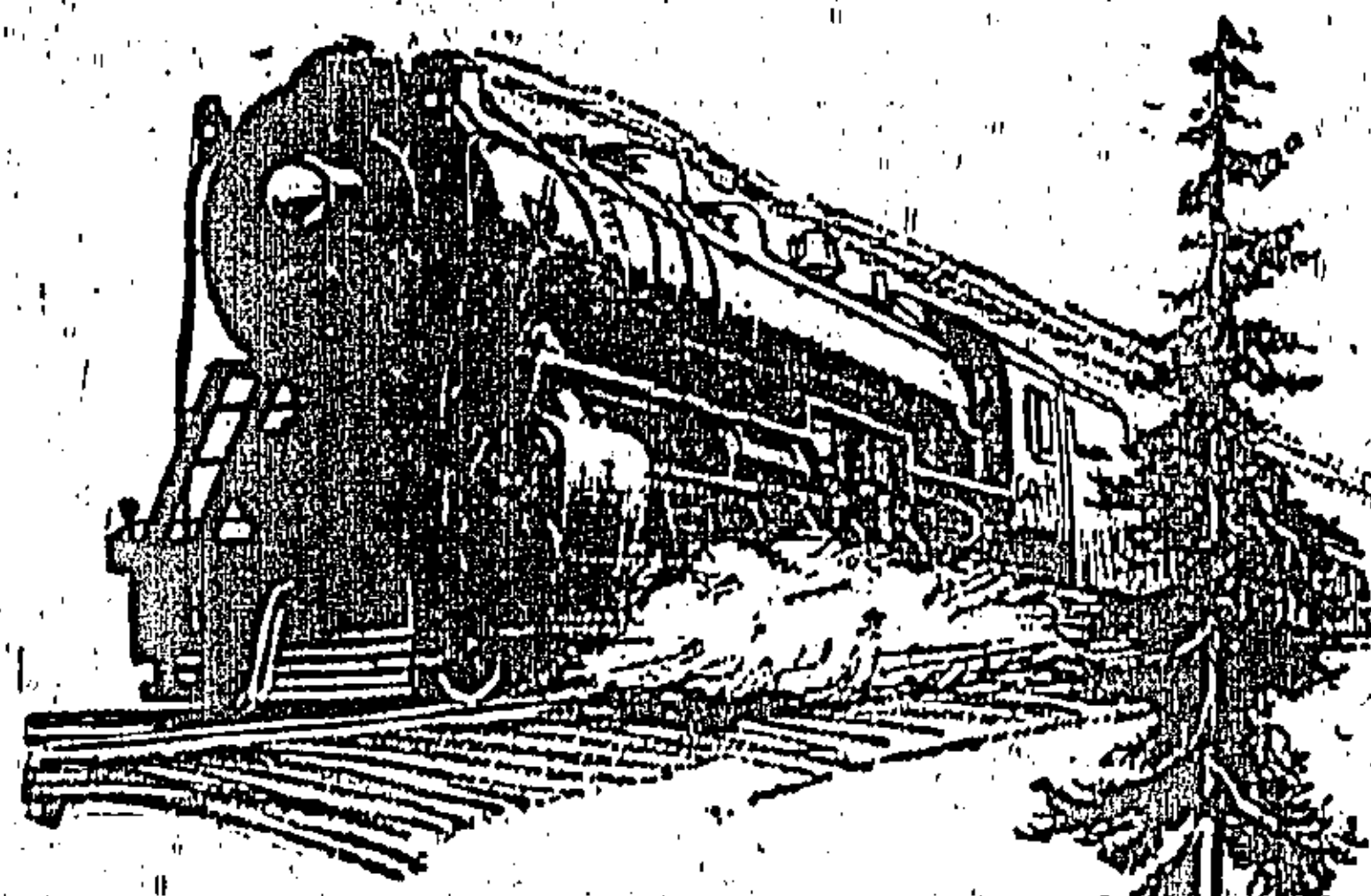
"The Tariff Conference delegates of the powers therefore took the occasion to leave Peking, upsetting all agreements. They still uphold the resolutions of the Washington Conference and consent only to an increase of 2½% surtax.

"Driven by financial stringency to despair, Chang and Wu made negotiations with various parties with a view to, a resumption of the Tariff Conference. They intend to concede and are willing to accept the resolution on the 2½% surtax, in the hope of utilizing this surtax as security to make a big loan to expand their military power for the purpose of suppressing the Revolution.

THE SURTAX YIELD.

"Upon investigation, the enforcement of the 2½% surtax can only yield \$30,000,000 yearly. Taking from this amount, one portion for military expenses, and another for the reimbursement of their unsecured foreign loans, there remains only a small sum, which certainly cannot compensate the

(Continued on Page 12.)



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BANDIT ACTIVITY.

ORDEAL OF MARYKNOLL PRIESTS AT SUN CHONG.

The following interesting account of the treatment of missionaries in the Kwangtung Province, has been forwarded to the S. C. M. Post by Father Robert J. Cairns of Worcester, Massachusetts, a Maryknoll priest stationed at Sun Chong and well-known in Hongkong.

The details given throw a vivid light on the state of banditry existing in the district and the impotence of the officials to control the activities of the organised gangs which make their living from the dwellers in the countryside. Father Cairns' story is a personal document, unelaborated and published exactly as received.

Sun Chong, July 14.

I arrived at Kwong Hoi, one of my mission stations about 4 p.m., on Saturday, July 11, and found Monsignor J. E. Walsh, my Superior, awaiting me. After we ate rice, the bandits began an attack on the city. We are merely passing through, and were scheduled to board a boat for Sanchian Island at eight o'clock the following morning, so we did not worry. Many people fled from the city; the shooting was dangerously near, and the bullets whistled so close that we had to take refuge on the ground floor. We were tired after a long day's journey, so we went to bed at night and slept soundly, despite the noise of the ammunition.

It seems that while we slept, the soldiers who were guarding the city, and who outnumbered the 500 bandits, were afraid of their lives, and fled, leaving the strong walled city unprotected.

At three o'clock Sunday morning, we were awakened by loud shouting, and a pounding on our door. And because we could not open it fast enough, the bandits started shooting. We appeared with a lamp in our hands, fearing that a stray bullet might find us, for these desperadoes meant business. Our only hope was in letting them see our white faces before they shot us. They broke in the door before we had time to open it, but when they saw that we are foreigners, and that this is the Catholic Mission, they moved to other houses for their plunder.

The Plunderers.

I said Mass about half past three, then remained on watch until daylight, as many groups of bandits were prowling about with torches and guns in their hands. They smashed in the doors of houses and stores, and took everything valuable that they could lay their hands on.

All morning long the procession went by, the men carrying all sorts of things: bags of rice, clothes, suit-cases, lamps, rolls of money, hats, shoes, bolts of new cloth from the stores; which they piled together at the end of the street where the mission is located. It was ludicrous to watch them; one bandit carried only two rolled oats tins; another carried nothing, but wore on his head a baby's straw hat; a third carried a gun in one hand and a feather fan in the other.

If we had been alone, we should have attempted to walk right out of the city; for all boats had sailed away the night before; but our mission caretaker with his wife and family of five, were in the house with us, and they were afraid of being shot or taken for ransom. Therefore Monsignor Walsh and the caretaker went to the bandit chief, Chan Chuk Saam, to get permission for us to leave the city. This is the same

bandit who recently captured Fr. O'Melia, the pastor of Sanchian Island, and Fr. Rauschenbach, my companion at Sun Chong. The bandit chief refused to let us go, so there was nothing left to do but wait until his royal highness changed his mind. Now the gates of the city are locked, the five hundred bandits are gathering their booty, and we, with little food, and all markets closed, are in a sense, prisoners.

Some business men have taken refuge in one of the Kwong Hoi forts. The bandit chief asked Monsignor Walsh to notify them that the bandits would send for cannon, blow up the fort and kill every man inside, if they did not agree to pay him some money. Monsignor delivered the message, and the men said they will send their answer by the postmaster, in one day.

Soldiers Arrive.

Yesterday morning we sent a messenger to the head of the bandits, to ask whether we could leave, but we were again refused. Some soldiers have arrived for firing has been going on all day; so we hope that if the force is strong enough, the bandits may be driven out; but the city is on a hill, and has a strong wall with immense iron gates, so it may be a long siege.

We have sent another messenger to the bandit chief this morning, to see whether he will see us; and two bandits are looking over my Corona as I write. We are hoping to get out to-day, but one can never tell.

Suspicion Aroused.

July 16.
At Kwong Hoi, the bandit chief, let us go, together with our caretaker and his family, provided we would bring a message to the soldiers, five thousand of whom had surrounded the city. We were supposed to return to Kwong Hoi with an answer, but the soldiers first tried to dissuade us, and when Monsignor Walsh said that he wanted to keep his word, even to such a bloodthirsty bandit, the soldiers refused to allow us to return within the city walls. They said that Chan Chuk Saam, the bandit leader, would either kill us or hold us for ransom; and at all events, if he did not, we might get killed by the soldiers, who were even then preparing to shell the city.

So we went along and at the first town we stopped, Hoi Hau, we were befriended by Dr. Lay Yick, formerly of Salem, Oregon. And it was good for us that he gave us a room, good meals, much "face" and protection. For many of the Kwong Hoi refugees were living in the Doctor's house, and they claimed that we were bandits. For we arrived mysteriously, just when the bandits did, stayed with them for several days, and talked peace for them to the soldiers and the business men at the fort. The Doctor, who spoke English well, explained it all away, as we thought. But the poor excited people had a bad impression of our actions.

We finally arrived safely at Sun Chong, and are glad to get back.

Another Arrest.

Rev. Brother John Dorsey, A. F. M., a medical missionary, went into the excited district the day we left it, and he was taken out of his coolie chair at the point of a gun, and treated roughly, his cassock was torn, and he was marched through the streets and made the laughing stock of the people. For behind him were three bandits, with chains around their necks and feet. The Brother was then confined to a dirty Chinese jail in Sunning city, the capital of the Tui Shan Prefecture.

Monsignor Walsh and I went to Sunning to get him out, and

BANKRUPTCY COURT.

SEQUEL TO CRIMINAL PROSECUTION.

Mr. D. McCallum made a successful application for adjudication at the Bankruptcy Court on Saturday in respect of the affairs of the Wing Shing Siam firm.

Appearing for the petitioning creditor, Mr. McCallum said that an interim receiving order had been granted and a contract had been entered into for the sale of the business by the Official Receiver.

In consequence of an alleged false sale certain of the other partners prosecuted the managing partner but he was later acquitted. The sale having been carried out there was nothing to prevent adjudication, added Mr. McCallum.

Although the Official Receiver had apparently been dissatisfied with the conduct of the managing partner, it could not be held that he had no authority to carry out the sale in view of the Court's decision. If any of the other partners wished to oppose the application it was up to them to be present in Court, but they had not come before His Lordship that morning.

It was to be presumed that by their absence they did not desire to oppose the application. His Lordship made an adjudication order.



THE SORROWS OF SMITH.

"I was getting 'fed up' with things," remarked Smith recently to his chum, Brown. "My wife was always complaining and nothing seemed to go right. She was nervy and rundown. I know, and looked worn out, yet what could I do? Often in trying to mend matters I made them worse, or made her cry."

"Then there gradually came a change. When I got home in the evenings I found her bright and cheerful and ready to sing, or to enjoy a little joke. I did not know what to make of it until the secret came out. Unknown to me she had been taking Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and the difference they made in her was wonderful. She is never low-spirited now. She enjoys her meals with me and it's a pleasure to get home and chat with her. No, I'm not at the club much now a days."

Any woman who is irritable, nervous and depressed, should face the facts in her own case and see where she is drifting. If you are like this, your nerves are, to blame. They must be strengthened, and the only way you can do this is to build up and enrich your blood. If you keep your blood rich, red and plentiful by taking Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, you need not endure the trials that afflict nervous, anaemic, run-down women.

So go to your chemist to-day and ask for a bottle of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People, or send \$1.50 for a bottle, \$8 for 6 bottles, to the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., 60 Kiangse Road, Shanghai. Price includes postage.

though the magistrates did not know us from Adam, they let the prisoner go merely because we vouched for him.

This morning Monsignor Walsh and Brother John Dorsey have just left for Canton, where they will report this injustice to the American Consul.

HOLYOAK, MASSEY & CO., LTD.

(Engineering Department)

THE LEADING SANITARY ENGINEERS.

All work executed under expert British Supervision.

Some important work in progress:—

HONGKONG HOTEL.
EXCHANGE BUILDING,
PENINSULA HOTEL,
EMPRESS HOTEL,
UNION BUILDING (Fire Fighting Installation)

and

Installations in Residences throughout the Colony.

SEND US YOUR ENQUIRIES.

Telephone C.673.

Cables "JOSSTREE" Hongkong.

CAFE RESTAURANT PARISIEN.

"The Rendezvous of the Elite"

This Week's Programme:

MONDAY

MUSICAL TIFFIN, 1-2 p.m. \$1.25 per cover
SPECIAL—(Tripes a la Mode de Caen)
TEA DANCANT, 5-7 p.m. 50 cts. including Tea
DINNER DANCANT, 8-12 midnight \$2.25 per cover

TUESDAY

MUSICAL TIFFIN, 1-2 p.m. \$1.25 per cover
SPECIAL—(Cassoulet Toulousain)
TEA DANCANT, 5-7 p.m.
DINNER DANCANT, 8-12 midnight \$2.25 per cover

WEDNESDAY

MUSICAL TIFFIN, 1-2 p.m. \$1.25 per cover
SPECIAL—(Gnognis au Gratin)
TEA DANCANT, 5-7 p.m.
DINNER DANCANT, 8-12 midnight \$2.25 per cover

THURSDAY

MUSICAL TIFFIN, 1-2 p.m. \$1.25 per cover
SPECIAL—(Chicken Pie)
TEA DANCANT, 5-7 p.m.
DINNER DANCANT, 8-12 midnight \$2.25 per cover

FRIDAY

MUSICAL TIFFIN, 1-2 p.m. \$1.25 per cover
SPECIAL—(Choucroute Garnie)
TEA DANCANT, 5-7 p.m.
DINNER DANCANT, 8-12 midnight \$2.25 per cover

SATURDAY

MUSICAL TIFFIN, 1-2 p.m. \$1.25 per cover
SPECIAL—(Bouillabaisse)
TEA DANCANT, 5-7 p.m.

CARNIVAL NIGHT

SPECIAL DINNER, \$3.00 per cover

NOVELTIES

Kindly reserve tables

immediately.

NOTE:

The Cafe and Lounge are open daily from 8 a.m. to midnight.
Telephone 1576 for reservations.

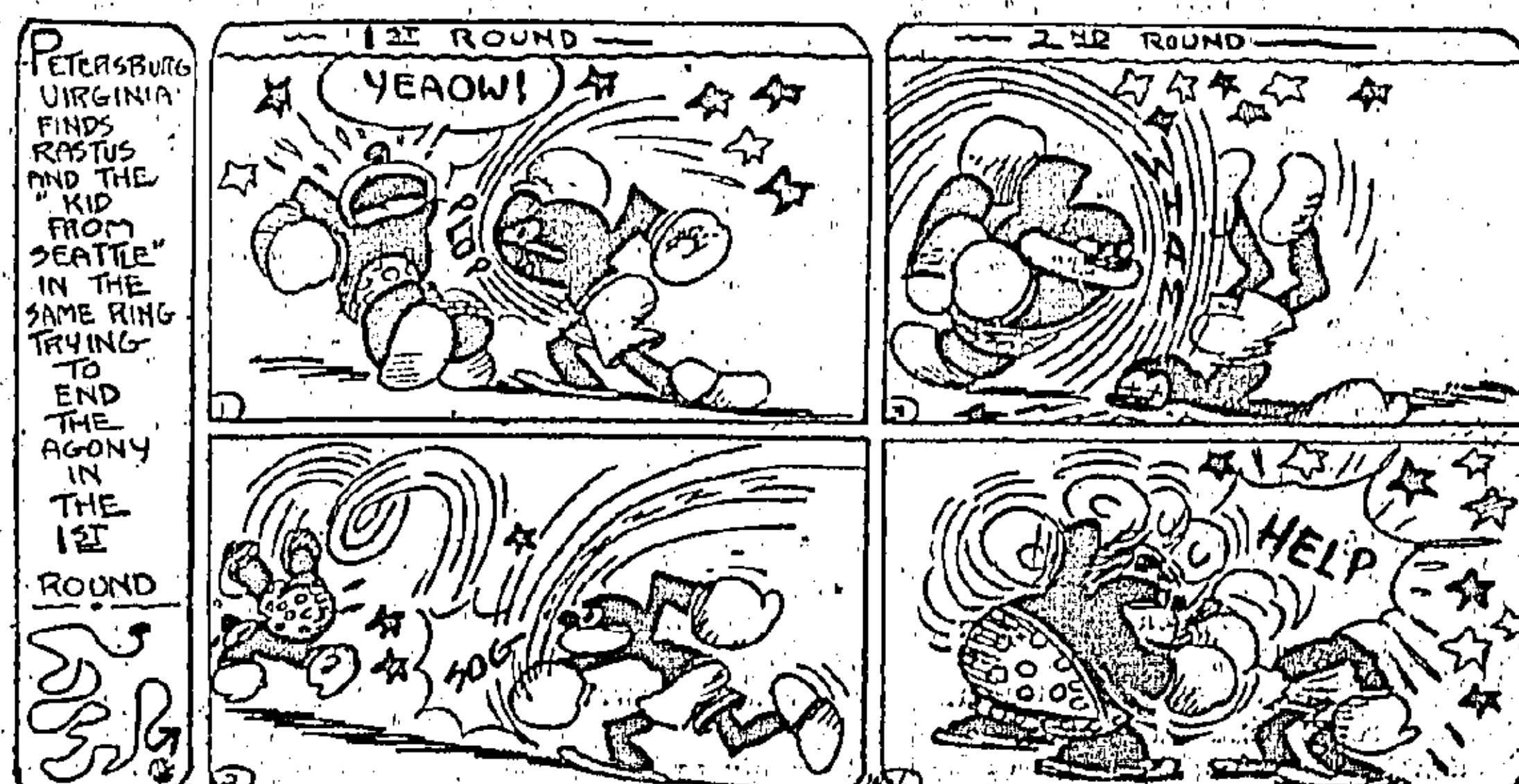
Lung trouble

can often be avoided by the timely use of SCOTT'S Emulsion which is widely prescribed in all affections of the throat and chest. Ask for

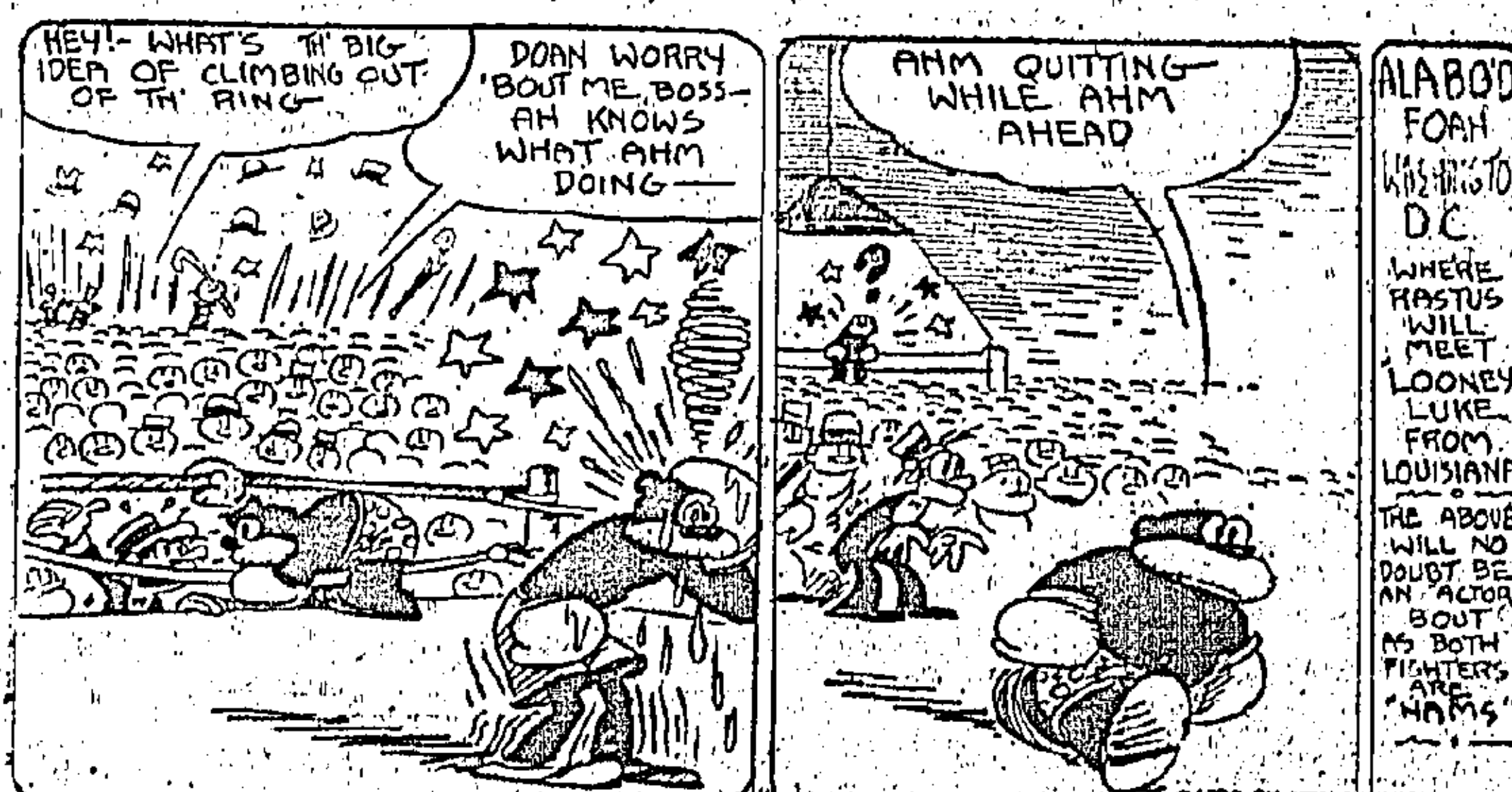


SCOTT'S Emulsion
The protector of life

SALESMAN SAM.



Safety First



By Swan



DINNER GIVEN BY THE SHANGHAI KUOMINCHUN.—On July 9 representatives in Shanghai of the Kuominchun, or party of General Fong Yu-hsiang, the "Christian General," gave a dinner at the Great Eastern Hotel. Our group shows the assembly which included two foreign guests: Dr. Gilbert Reid and Mr. E. E. Strother.



A NEW GRADUATE.—"Beauty's" official name is Lady Maude Moon II, owned by Bryant Wells Collier, of College Park, Georgia.



SPECIAL OFFER

OF
PYJAMAS

Light weight cotton, soft finish. Smart black stripes in Blue, Grey and Mauve.

Wash and wear well.

\$8.50 per suit

3 suits for..... \$23.00.

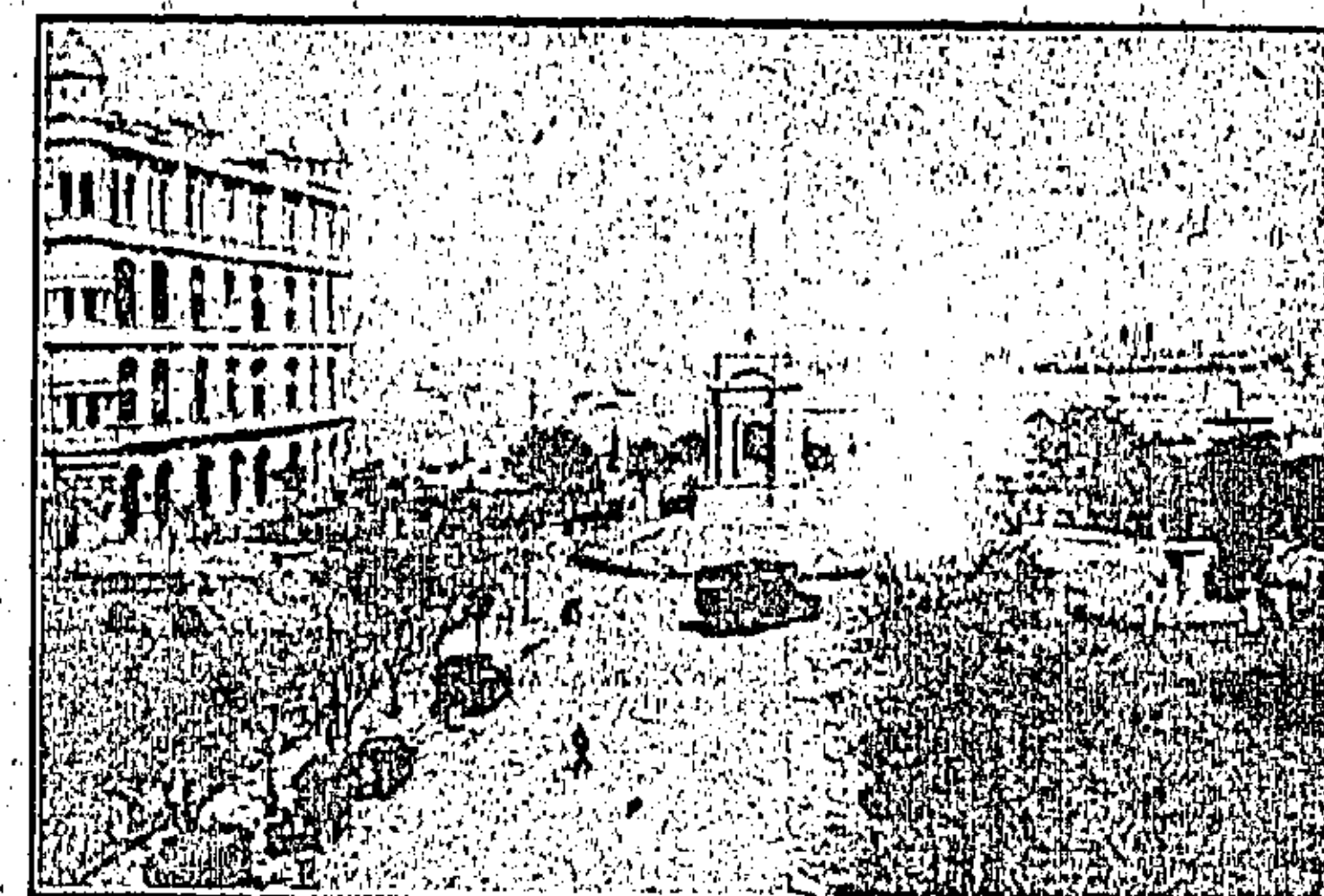
MACKINTOSH & Co., Ltd.

MEN'S WEAR SPECIALISTS

Alexandra Building.

Des Voeux Road.

LATEST VIEWS OF HONGKONG



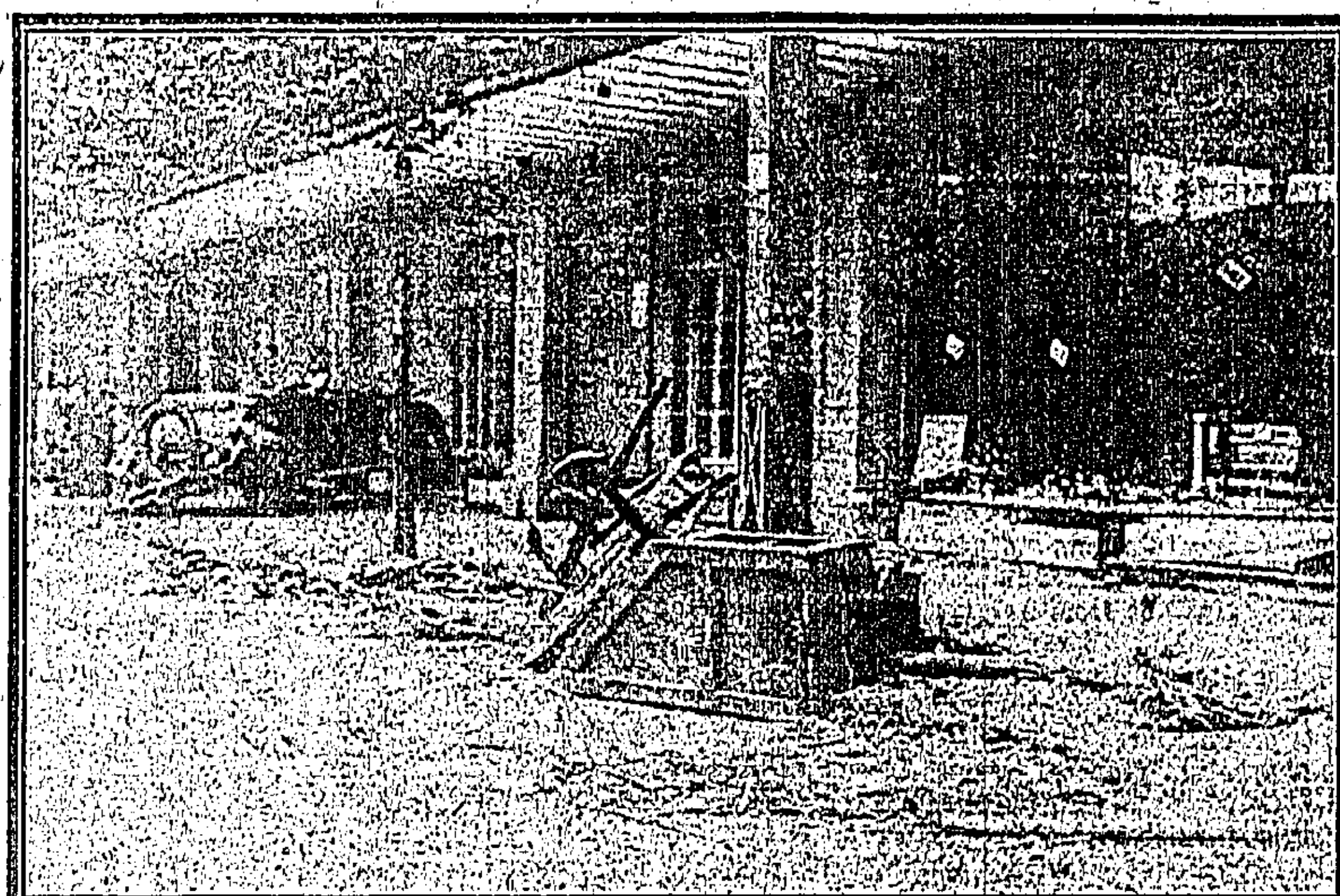
We have just published an excellent album of views of Hongkong. Price—\$3.00 each.

MEE CHUNG.

Ice House Street, and Beaconsfield Arcade.



WEDDING BELLS AT SHANGHAI.—On July 3 Miss Lilian Maud Blackwell, of Toronto, was married to Mr. George Thomas Slade, of Vancouver, B.C., both being members of the China Inland Mission. The bridesmaid was Miss Dorothea Luton and the duties of best man were performed by Mr. William J. Baker.



SHANGHAI MOTOR ACCIDENT.—Scene in Bubbling Well Road after a Buick car, seen in the background, had come to the end of a mad career. Several shop windows were smashed and the rider of a motor bicycle was seriously injured. The driver of the car, however, escaped unhurt.



COMMITTEE AT THE RESERVES' AT HOME.—Our group shows those members of the Shanghai Municipal Police Reserves who had charge of the arrangements for an "At Home." Left to right (standing): Messrs. Anderson, Merritt, Hamlyn, Slater, Neouberg, Buckley and Villas; (seated): Messrs. Wallis, Johnson, Stewart, Phillips, Gande, Colam, Rayden and Rea.



NEW SHAH OF PERSIA.—Photo shows the newly-crowned Shah of Persia.

**PIC-NIC ICE CREAM ALBERT**

ALBERT has found a nice way to allow you to take Ice Cream as easily as cakes, and to keep it for as long as ten hours perfectly well.

This Ice Cream can be taken and eaten at the picnic, at Macau etc., and will be as good as those served in ALBERT'S shop.

It is guaranteed to be pure fresh milk, eggs and sugar, without the addition of any chemicals.

ALBERT 22, QUEEN'S RD. CENTRAL.**WHITEAWAY'S****GREAT
SUMMER SALE**

COMMENCES ON

TUESDAY AUGUST 3rd.**GENEROUS REDUCTIONS****THE SALE that is worth**

WAITING FOR

THOUSANDS OF BARGAINS

**WHITEAWAY, LAIDLAW & CO., LTD.
HONGKONG.**

A NEW ARRIVAL.—"Fluff," childless blind monkey at the London Zoo, adopted the baby (above) who left its parents somewhere in a tropical forest.



GATHERING OF CARDINALS.—Never has America witnessed such a number of cardinals as gathered for the Eucharistic Congress to be held in Chicago. Here are eight, grouped with Governor Al Smith of New York and Mayor Walker of New York City. Left to right: Cardinals Reig y Casanova of Spain, Dubois of France, Piff of Austria, Mayor Walker, Cardinal Bonzano, Papal legate to the congress, Governor Smith, Cardinals Hayes of New York, Csernoch of Hungary, Charost of Brittany and O'Donnell of Ireland.

Prepaid Advertisements

25 WORDS FOR \$1.00
(\$1.50 if not prepaid)

The following replies are awaiting collection—

1314, 1376, 1384, 1385, 1392,
1342, 1397, 1409, 1375, 1441,
1444, 1456, 1462, 1453, 1512,
1516, 5, 20, 21, 26, 31, 32,
38, 42, 48.

TUITION.

SPANISH LANGUAGE, new method for the complete mastery of or improvement in six months of the Spanish (Castilian) Language by Spanish technical professor with academic degrees granted by the Madrid University. Our method is: The knowledge of the Grammar through the Language, but not the Language through the Grammar: to follow the examples given by nature as the source of all progress. Special course. Moderate fees. Post Office Box No. 635.

WANTED.

WANTED.—Lady Violinist and Cellist wanted for small orchestra daily between 4 and 6 p.m. Apply for audition. Miss V. Andrews, 315, Nathan Road, Kowloon.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

EUROPEAN LADY willing to give services as Companion, or assist with children, in return for passage to England. Apply Box No. 49, care of "Hongkong Telegraph."

SITUATIONS VACANT.

WANTED.—Qualified Ship's Surgeon for two or three months. Apply H.M.H. Nemazee, Prince's Building.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.—A pair of good foot-roads for motor cycle pillion riding passenger. Will fit Triumph or any similar make. Adjustable. Owner bought sidecar. Cheap quick sale. Offers. Apply Box 36, care of "Hongkong Telegraph."

PREMISES TO LET.

TO LET.—One European Flat, Wanchai Gap Road, Hongkong. Apply to 32, Kennedy Road.

TO LET.—GROUND FLOOR Offices, near Kowloon ferry. Apply to Box No. 47, care of "Hongkong Telegraph."

TO LET.—New Apartments with all modern conveniences at Macdonnell Road. Apply Xavier Bros. Ltd. Tel. C.3216 or 2722.

TO LET.—Four roomed FLAT, furnished, Humphrey's Buildings, Kowloon. Please apply Box No. 31, care of "Hongkong Telegraph."

TO LET.—Houses & Lands for sale. Mortgages arranged. Flats & Houses vacant; we have good tenants immediately available for other houses & flats in suitable localities. See ads. in S. C. M. P. and Daily Press. Small Investors Tel. C.4080.

TO LET.—Quiet European FLATS at Tung Hing Road, opposite to the Motor Cycle Exchange. Cheap rents ranging from \$35.00 to \$45.00 per month. Also European FLATS at "Ka Chuen" Bldg., Nathan Road, at moderate rates. Apply to—The Ka Chuen Land Estate, 22, Tung Hing Road, Kowloon.

CROSS

SECTION

PAPER

8 THS 10 THS 12 THS
ON SALE AT
AT

BREWER & CO.

10 Pedder Street Tel. C. 695
Open till 8.00 p.m.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

HONGKONG AMUSEMENTS, LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given that THE FIFTH ORDINARY YEARLY MEETING of SHAREHOLDERS in the Company will be held in the Queen's Theatre, Queen's Road Central, on Tuesday, 10th August, 1926, at Noon, for the purposes following, namely:—

- To receive and consider the annual statement of Accounts and the Report of the Directors for the year ended 31st March, 1926.
- To elect Directors in the place of those retiring by rotation and an Auditor.
- To sanction the declaration of a dividend.
- To transact any other ordinary business of the Company.

The Transfer Books of the Company will be closed from the 7th day of August to the 10th day of August both days inclusive. Dated the 31st day of July, 1926.

By Order of the Board,

CHAS. S. ROSSELET,
Secretary.

HONGKONG AMUSEMENTS, LIMITED.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that AN EXTRAORDINARY MEETING of the above named Company will be held in the Queen's Theatre, Queen's Road Central, on the 10th day of August, 1926, at 12.15 o'clock, in the afternoon, for the purpose of considering and, if thought fit, passing an Extraordinary Resolution, the Resolution following:—

"That the 8,000 Deferred Ordinary Shares of \$5 each and 16,000 Preferred Ordinary Shares of \$10 each in the Company be re-organized and consolidated into one class of 20,000 Shares of \$10 each to be called ordinary shares and to rank as regards dividend and capital *pari passu* and each share to confer one vote and that the Company's Memorandum and Articles be altered accordingly."

Should the above resolution be passed by the requisite majority it will be submitted for confirmation as a Special Resolution to a further Extraordinary General Meeting, and such Meeting will be held on the 25th day of August, 1926, at the same time and place for the purposes of considering and, if thought fit, confirming such Resolution as a Special Resolution accordingly.

Dated the 31st day of July, 1926.

By Order of the Board,

CHAS. S. ROSSELET,
Secretary.

REMINDER

Small advertisements intended for publication in the Saturday Motor Supplement, must reach this Office not later than 12 noon on the preceding Thursday.

MAKE A SPECIAL POINT OF ADVERTISING IN, AND READING—THE WEEKLY MOTOR WANTS.

30 WORDS—50 CENTS.

CONSIGNEE NOTICES.

DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES.

The Steamship,

"CAPITAINE FAURE"

Consignees of Cargo from Durkirk, Antwerp, Middlesbrough, London &c. In connection with above Steamer are hereby informed that their goods with the exception of Opium, Treasure and Valuables are being landed and stored at their risk into the Godowns of the Hongkong Kowloon Wharf and Godown Co Ltd Kowloon where delivery may be obtained immediately after landing.

Optional Cargo will be forwarded on unless intimation is received from the consignees before 6.00 a.m. Today requesting it to be landed here. Bills of Lading will be countersigned. Goods remaining undelivered after Friday the 6th August, 1926 at Noon will be subject to rent and landing charges.

All claims must be sent in to me on or before the Monday the 9th August, or they will not be recognized. All damaged packages will be examined on Friday the 6th August, 1926 at 10.00 a.m. by Messrs Goddard & Douglas.

No Fire Insurance has been effected. J. LIMAGE, Agents. Hongkong July 31, 1926.

HUGHES & HOUGH LIMITED.

GENERAL AUCTIONEERS.
IMPORTERS, EXPORTERS &
GENERAL BROKERS.

THE AUCTIONEERING & BROKERING Co., Ltd.

4B, Duddell Street.

FURNITURE AUCTIONS

every

TUESDAY & FRIDAY,

at 2.30 p.m.

CHINA AUCTION ROOMS.

4, Duddell Street.

If you have anything you would like to sell, exchange or advertise send it to the CHINA AUCTION ROOM.

E. V. M. R. de SOUSA.

SUZANNE WINS HEARTS.

FRENCH FARMER'S PROPOSAL.

Paris, July 15.—The daily mail-ling of Mlle. Suzanne Lenglen, queen of tennis, is heavier than that of Monsieur Doumergue, President of France.

From eighty to one hundred persons write to the famous tennis player every day. Letters come to her from all over the world; letters of congratulation, of friendship, from young tennis players seeking "tips" or from unfortunates asking aid. She gets daily invitations to weddings, to stand as godmother or to endorse some product or another. Once a week or so, she gets a proposal by mail.

"I am a young farmer with sixty acres and ten heads' (cattle, evidently) of my own and plenty

KWANGUN TO FLOODS.

BOARD OF CONSERVANCY WORKS REPORT.

Place of Observation	Water Level in (English Feet) at 8 a.m.	10 a.m.	12 noon	2 p.m.	4 p.m.	6 p.m.	8 p.m.	10 p.m.	12 midnight
West River at Shingling	14.0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
North River at Tienyuep	12.7	0	0	10.7	0	0	0	0	0
North River at Samshui	12.3	0	0	11.7	0	0	0	0	0
East River at Shingling	15.2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

of room to build a tennis court between the barn and the orchard. I saw your match with Miss Willis in the movies and I liked you immensely. Are you open for matrimonial offers?" wrote a gallant young American whose letter bore the date line of Coshocton, Ohio. If she wanted to, Mlle. Lenglen could consider between the young Coshocton butter and egg man and half a dozen sons of noble families of Europe. She could be a French Countess tomorrow if she would but say the word. But Suzanne is sparing of her speech.

After C. C. Pyle, the manager of "Red" Grange earned fame by offering to introduce Suzanne into the movies, she received an avalanche of letters from all parts of America offering her many opportunities to get rich quick. One enterprising Florida real estate dealer offered her a house, and let fronting on a coral beach if she would consent to come there to live one month a year. Another business man offered her exclusive agency for France as sales agent for machinery for manufacturing shoe buttons.

Part of Suzanne's daily schedule is given over to answering these letters. She has always attempted to reply to every serious missive addressed to her. After her victory over Helen Willis at Cannes last February, she replied within three days to more than one thousand telegrams, letters and cards of congratulations. To help her out of that dilemma, she had printed name cards with added phrase:

"Mlle. Lenglen thanks you for your interest in her success."

POST OFFICE NOTICE.

NOTICE.

Wireless Service between Hongkong and Canton resumed. TRANSFER OF RADIO COUNTER. On and after August 1st, the Radio Counter in the Main Hall of the General Post Office will be closed, and will be transferred to the Radio Telegraph Office on the 3rd Floor of the General Post Office Building. The Counter at the Radio Telegraph Office will be open day and night for the acceptance of radio telegrams.

The entrance to the Building is at the Des Voeux Road-Pedder Street corner.

The doors will be closed after 10 p.m., but admittance may be obtained by ringing the night-bell.

GENERAL HOLIDAY.

On Monday, 2nd August, the General Post Office and Branch Post Offices will be open from 8 a.m. to 9 a.m. There will be one collection from the pillar-boxes and one delivery of ordinary correspondence as on Sundays and also one delivery of registered correspondence from the General Post Office at 9 a.m. The Money Order Office will be entirely closed.

INWARD MAILS.

From	Per	Due
U.S.A., Honolulu, Japan, Shanghai and Europe via Siberia	Pres. Van Buren	August 2
Shanghai	Sochow	August 2
Straits	Nagore	August 3
U.S.A., Honolulu, Japan and Shanghai	Paul Lecat	August 3
Europe via Suez (letters and papers)	President Lincoln	August 5
London 8th July and parcels (1st July)	Kalyan	August 5
Australia and Manila	Changto	August 11

OUTWARD MAILS.

For	Per	Date
Sandakan	Mausang	Tues., August 3, 12.30 p.m.
Singon, Ceylon, India, Mauritius, E. and S. Africa, Aden, Egypt and Europe via Marseilles	Paul Lecat	Tues., Aug. 3, Registration 1.45 p.m. Letters 2.30 p.m. (Due Marseilles 4th September).
Amoy and Foochow	Haining	Tues., Aug. 3, 4 p.m.
Amoy	Haining	Tues., Aug. 3, 5 p.m.
Shanghai	Haining	Wed., Aug. 4, 12.30 a.m.
Weihsinwei	Haining	Wed., Aug. 4, 2.30 p.m.
Shanghai and Japan	Nagore	Wed., Aug. 4, 2.30 p.m.
Shanghai	Sochow	Wed., Aug. 4, 5 p.m.
Straits and Calcutta	Sochow	Thurs., Aug. 5, 1 p.m. Letters 1 p.m. (Due Marseilles 5th September).
Amoy	Kwangtung	Thurs., Aug. 5, 5 p.m.
Bangkok	Kingyun	Fri., Aug. 6, 4 p.m.
Shanghai	Shantung	Fri., Aug. 6, 5 p.m.
Straits, Ceylon, India, Mauritius, E. and S. Africa, Egypt and Europe via Marseilles	Parcels	6th 5 p.m. Delta
Japan	Namsang	Sat., Aug. 7, 5 p.m.
Haliphong	Mingsang	Sat., Aug. 7, 5 p.m.
Shanghai and Europe, via Siberia, (letters and postcards specially superscribed "via Siberia" only)	Sulyang	Sat., Aug. 7, 5 p.m.
Straits, Ceylon, India, Mauritius, E. and S. Africa, Egypt and Europe via Marseilles	Autolycus	Tues., Aug. 10, Registration 1.45 p.m. Letters 2.30 p.m. (Due Marseilles 8th September).
Shanghai	Yatsing	Wed., Aug. 11, 10.30 a.m.
Shanghai and Japan	Kutsang	Mon., August 16, 5 p.m.
Manila, Australia and New Zealand via Thursday Island	Change	Wed., Aug. 18, 9 a.m. Registration 9.45 a.m. Letters 10.30 a.m. (Due Thursday Island 30th August).
Shanghai	Kwangtung	Wed., Aug. 18, 10.30 a.m.
Sandakan	Haining	Tues., Aug. 24, 12.30 p.m.
Straits and Calcutta	Kumsang	Tues., Aug. 24, 2 p.m. Parcels 1 p.m. Letters 1 p.m.

*Correspondence bearing vessel's name only.

AMERICA'S AIMS.

LATENT RESPECT FOR THE LEAGUE.

Southampton:—Mr. Edward Price Bell, of the *Chicago Daily News*, who has just returned from a year's travel in the Pacific Islands and the near East, arrived at Southampton in the "Olympic" recently. During an interview Mr. Bell said:—

"I am very fond of the Japanese, and have every confidence that politically, socially, economically, and ethically they are moving in the right direction. I cannot escape the conclusion that if the Occident loses the friendship of those volcanically cradled islanders it will be the Occident's fault. China, to my mind, is the most moving and appealing potentiality on this earth—a great country and a great people staggering towards the path of a great destiny. There, too, the Occident can build friendship or enmity as it likes."

"The paramount interests of the Philippines, as well as those of the Americans—those of the Orientals as well as those of the Occidentals—seem to me to require that the Stars and Stripes shall fly in the Philippines for a long time yet—how long, the evolution of history can determine. The greatest word in the Pacific—indeed in civilisation—is the word equilibrium. In any form of listing there is danger. There is safety only in equilibrium and America in the Philippines is a force for that equilibrium of the Pacific and of the world."

The "Wets" and "Drys."

Mr. Bell then went on to discuss domestic concerns. He said:—"To say the least of prohibition, its success is unproven. Our 'Drys' and 'Wets' are continually at each other, and their 'statisties' are fearful and wonderful. When they come together with their alleged facts and figures, one is reminded of two heavy freight trains meeting head-on at top speed. There is debris all over the adjacent countryside. My opinion is that prohibition, if not eternally repugnant to normal, self-reliant, freedom-loving humanity, is hopelessly premature."

"That some of the effects of alcohol are hideous no one will deny. But in America to-day it is a question of abortive prohibition or temperance. Although prohibition doubtless has done great good in some ways, it also has worked disastrously in the spheres of morals, health and politics. The American people, I think, given a representative ballot, would vote decisively for temperance."

"It seems to me we have learned again that lawmakers should delimit their boundaries prudently, and not push helter-skelter into the field of the moralist and educator. Volsteadism, unless much first-hand observation be misleading, has made the spirit of liberty scornfully rebellious throughout the United States."

War Debts.

"As to war debts, as I never have been able to believe that inter-allied war debts should be paid, so I never have been able to believe they could be paid. They strike me as a deplorable if not dangerous world nuisance. I think they could be wiped out with nothing but advantage to all concerned, and it is an abiding faith with me that advancing economic intelligence finally will liquidate them. Who can imagine that in perhaps five or ten years from now anyone in a position of authority still will be so much in the dark as not to see that profitable international markets are to be preferred to the continuous passing of heavy credits across frontiers?"

"As to Europe's cry of Shylock at America, I think it were better hushed. America is no Shylock. Her point of view touching the war debts, whatever it may be—and no one can say categorically how the people as a whole feel on the subject—is honestly held. The Great War was an expensive business to the United States as well as to others. The Western Hemisphere was a long way from the battlefields. To mobilise 2,000,000 men from a vast continent, and to dispatch them thousands of miles overseas cost heavily."

"It has been said we got rich out of the Great War. We did not. Like most other countries, we had the wild night of inflation—despite the rigorous taxation policy of our Treasury—and the bad morning of deflation. Our entire national machinery of production

was thrown out of gear, and our industries passed through difficulties unprecedented in their history. Our farmers—50 per cent. of our people—are shaken by the post-war swell to this day. So let us have an end of the Shylock talk and seek progress through good temper and good sense."

American Prosperity.

"Referring to American prosperity, it is true, if we except the agriculturists, whose condition is only beginning to respond to the industrial boom, America is at the moment extraordinarily prosperous. But this is not war prosperity. It is not history-born. It is science-born. It is prospering achieved by energy and intellect, advantaged by readily accessible raw materials and a wide, protected, high-consumption home market. If one were selecting one word to explain America's growing good fortune—a fortune that should spread in varying degrees to the whole world—one word might select the word 'power.'"

"Our mind-power and muscle-power are reinforced prodigiously with mechanical power. Day by day our producers use their heads more and their hands less, and the economic (not to mention the psychological) effects are seemingly incompatible things—rising profits and wages and falling prices. Ten million American skilled workers drive more than 30,000,000 horsepower, and this human directed non-human energy is estimated to do the work of 300,000,000 men."

"Up-to-date American business directors will not look at the idea of low wages, for low wages spell business decline and threaten social instability. Capitalism in America is justifying itself by the only way possible—by universalising itself. Socialism fails. Why? Because it will not produce wealth. Of what avail is it to preach to diffuse? Some 20,000,000 American employees own securities in the incorporated business with which they are connected, and in many public utilities all the employees own stock in the companies for which they work."

"Bolshevism? Whoever can feed men well, clothe them well, house them well, enable them to own things worth owning, give them education and liberty; or, to put the matter as it should be put, whoever can devise a system that will encourage and allow men to do all these things for themselves, such person, as I see it, commands the secret of the indestructible state."

Senator Borah's Place.

Discussing Senator Borah and British opinion, Mr. Bell said:—"This favourite son of Idaho, a north-western State with a population about one seventh that of the city of Chicago, appears to get more for his money when he steps on a foreign weighing machine than when he steps on one at home. Whatever his merit in American politics—and he is supposed to have some—Senator Borah is not addicted to felicitous international manners. If I might do so, with full respect, I should call him a rugged, alert, ambitious, patriotic obstinate, parochial, who always goes down with his colours nailed to the mast, but who always goes down."

"He may have in him the raw stuff of greatness. His compatriots are sympathetically expectant, if not excessively optimistic. Borah is a considerable figure, but scarcely United States, and I should venture to counsel Britons and other distant observers not to magnify him, even when he knows just what he is driving at, as he does not seem to have known in his recent initiative to certain supposed claims of America against Britain arising out of the war."

"From old British friends I have had many letters revealing painful emotions due to Borah. These letters are not surprising, but really nothing has happened to show that Borah is unfriendly to Britain, and if he were he would have small promise of getting far with his animosity."

"He is Chairman of the Foreign Relations Committee of the Senate?"

"Yes, by seniority."

"He is much in the news?"

"Decidedly. But neither power nor wisdom is invariably conspicuous in the news."

"He is out for the Presidency?"

"I believe so. Most Americans are. But Borah as President, to entertain a more or less remote possibility, doubtless would be a very different man from Borah as vote-hunting politician."

Love of England.

"In one of my recent letters from England occurs this question: 'What is wrong with England from

the American point of view to-day?' I would reply, having regard to the sense of the writer, 'Nothing.' Three years' experience over the long and breadth of the land on and off the platform convinces me that the American people never before admired and loved England as they admire and love her to-day. To speak on any representative American platform since the General Strike of that magnificent fight of that magnificent people for sanity in Government has been to bring the audience cheering to its feet."

"Some of us have grown grey fighting for British-American solidarity—and we have not fought in vain. Great Britain has her enemies in the United States and she doubtless long will have them, for nationalistic resentments die hard, but the great body of American citizens is for the British peoples and their institutions up to the hilt. We want British-American solidarity in the Atlantic and in the Pacific, and we want this solidarity to mean friendship and a square deal to every other people."

"There is one thing in the world greater than British-American solidarity, and just one, what the late viscount Kato, of Japan, described in a talk with myself as a single human solidarity. We want no so-called Nordic bloc nor a Latin bloc, nor opposing and potentially warlike blocs of colour. We want justice for all humanity, and the settled peace which can come only through such justice."

The League of Nations.

"I am always glad to talk about the League of Nations—to me the most attractive of international subjects. I should like to say of the League, first, that the American nation never had a fair chance to vote upon it, that the will of our people with reference to it is not known. That the contention to the contrary is a political legend which no penetrating historian would support. Secondly, that the American people, deep in their instincts, are for the great and insuppressible idea of the League and one day, when they get a leadership worthy of them, will take their place beside other advanced nations in officially and systematically buttressing peace through organised world opinion."

"That the Americans are against entanglements, which entangle, there is no shadow of doubt. They are against any form of super-state. They are against all but inevitable encroachment upon the rights of the American States by their own Federal Government. What does this mean? It means that the American people intend to preserve their Home Rule, to preserve it not only against international centralisation, but just as far as practicable against domestic centralisation. If there is one political thing above another that the American citizen distrusts, it is a Government Bureau with authority over him and located beyond his reach."

"International co-operation, so far as America is to have a part in it, must hold inviolate the principle of national sovereignty and voluntarism. Am I suggesting, then, the irreconcilables of organisation and no organisation? I am suggesting free spiritual and intellectual co-operation. I am suggesting systematised corporate study of world problems. I am suggesting the specific disposition of specific matters by international agreement. Internationally, we must crawl before we walk, and walk before we run."

"I say the American people are heart and soul for seeking permanent world peace through steady, methodical, co-operative, non-constricted moral and mental pressure. Any machinery destructive of freedom of decision and action will spoil everything."



"What do you think, dear Mrs. Muddle always uses condensed milk!"

"Well, their flat is smaller than ours."—Aussie, Sydney.

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EARTHQUAKE.

—CHANNEL ISLANDERS
ALARMED.

Rugby, July 31.
An earthquake which was felt
in the Channel Islands yesterday
afternoon was of some severity.
Houses in Saint Helier and other
places rocked for several seconds,
and a tidal wave was formed
round the coasts. The tremor
caused considerable alarm in Jer-
sey, Guernsey and Alderney.
Goods fell from the shelves of
shops, while in houses pictures
and ornaments were shaken from
their places on to the floor.

The walls of many large build-
ings were cracked and Saint
Saviour's steeple of the Presby-
terian Church is leaning out of
position. Several high chimneys
fell and damage to windows and
greenhouses was general. The
tidal wave did no damage, but its
approach greatly startled bathers,
who made a wild scramble for
safety.

Slight earth tremors were felt
on the French side of the Channel
at Saint Malo, Granville, Vannes
and other places, and on this side
of the Channel at Bournemouth
and elsewhere in Hampshire and
Dorsetshire.—British Wireless.

SOCIETY SENSATION.

RECTOR'S WIDOW OUT
ON BAIL.

Point Pleasant, N. J., July 31.
On the ground that "there
was no great presumption of guilt,"
bail applied for at Chief Justice
Gummers' summer residence on
behalf of Mrs. Edward Hall has
been granted in two sureties of
\$7,500 each.—Reuter's American
Service.

[Mrs. Hall is charged with the
murder of her husband (who was
Rector of St. John's, New Bruns-
wick), and a choir girl.]

WHEAT GAMBLING.

NEW RECORD IN PRICE.

Chicago, August 1.
There were very lively scenes
in the wheat pit, when a flood of
orders to meet the big shortage at
the end of the month carried
prices of July wheat up over
eleven cents a bushel to 158½
cents, a new high record for the
season.—Reuter's American Ser-
vice.

POISON LIQUOR.

GERMAN ORIGIN INDICATED.

Toronto, July 31.
Ten men have been arrested on
charges of manslaughter in con-
nexion with the deaths in Ontario
as the result of poisonous bootleg
liquor.
Police investigations indicate
that the liquor is of German origin
and was introduced into Canada
via Buffalo.—Reuter.

HURRICANE.

EXTENSIVE DAMAGE.

New York, July 31.
The well-known Florida seaside
resorts of Miami and Palm Beach
have been extensively damaged by
the destruction of piers, Venetian
canals, and other attractions as
the result of the Bahamas hurri-
cane.—Reuter's American Service.

THE COAL CRISIS.

THE NEXT PHASE.

Rugby, July 31.
The next phase in the coal dis-
pute will be the holding of local
delegate conferences of miners
during the coming week, to decide
for or against ratification of the
proposals for settlement drawn up
by the executive in conjunction
with the Church leaders.

As already stated, the National
Delegate Conference, sitting in
London yesterday, referred those
proposals to the districts and
recommended their acceptance.

The labour correspondent of the
Times says that assuming that the
proposals are endorsed in the
districts, the executive will be
authorised to negotiate with them
as a basis. In this connexion he
cites comment on yesterday's con-
ference, made by one of the ex-
ecutives, who said:

"The delegates discussed the
proposals as though they repre-
sented the conditions of peace that
could be had for the asking,
whereas we know the Government
will not accept them, and we can
guess that the owners certainly
will not."

The correspondent said that the
executive itself has no illusions
on the subject. It has already
considered what steps it will take
when it has obtained authority
to proceed. The present inten-
tion is not to go either to the
Government or to the owners, but
to appeal again to the Church
leaders to prepare the way for
negotiations. The executive at-
taches great importance to what it
believes to be the effect on public
opinion of its continued associa-
tion with the Church leaders.

Apart from this aspect of the
situation, there has been a fresh
development in the publication of
new terms of employment offered
to the miners of Leicestershire.
The miners are offered rates of
wages based on the eight hour day
which, it is admitted, must make
an appeal to them.

There was an expectation
yesterday among the delegates from
other Midland areas that fresh
proposals would be made to them
within a short time, and there are
prominent miners' leaders who
recognise that if those terms are
on the lines that Rumour speaks of,
the Federation may have to con-
sider before very long the advisa-
bility of allowing certain districts
to resume work and the making
of a levy on employed miners in
aid of the unemployed.—British
Wireless.

PAN-ASIA.

A CHINESE ATTACK ON
IMPERIALISM.

Tokyo, August 1.
The Pan-Asiatic Congress open-
ed this afternoon at Nagasaki
with fifty delegates from Japan,
China, India and the Philippines
attending.

Except for a Chinese delegate
who attacked Britain's imperialism,
the speeches did not contain any-
thing but generalities, urging the
Asiatic races to protect their own
interests.—Reuter.

COBHAM'S FLIGHT.

DEPARTURE FROM
SINGAPORE.

(Our Own Correspondent.)

Singapore, July 31.
Alan Cobham left early this
afternoon for Muntok.

WASTED LIVES.

LORD DEWAR ON NATIONAL
IDIOSYNCRASIES.

Lord Dewar, as the host at a din-
ner at the Piccadilly Hotel to the
members of the South African
bowling team, entertained his
guests with another of his epigram-
matical speeches. Besides the
South African bowlers and their
wives, the leading members of the
English Bowling Association were
among the guests, and Sir Thomas
Lipton and Major Isidore Salmon,
M.P., were also present.

Lord Dewar said that most men
did not wake up to find themselves
famous; they usually dreamed they
were famous, then woke up. But
the members of the South African
bowling team who woke up to find
themselves renowned, could not
have been asleep.

He had visited Africa more times
than he could remember—long be-
fore any lady present was born.
He landed at Cape Town, and he
remarked that it was a fine day. A
well-intentioned, benevolent gentle-
man brushed elbows with him and
said, Young man, it is only those
who are mentally deficient here who
talk about the weather. Every day
is a fine day in South Africa.
Here we wasted three years of our
lives talking about the weather, and
we wasted one year of our lives say-
ing "Hello" through the telephone,
and one year waiting for the correct
number.

Scotsmen wasted three years of
their lives telling stories against
themselves; Englishmen wasted
three years of their lives listening
to Jews; Americans wasted three
years of their lives trying to find
out where their fellow-citizens got
their drink from; a Frenchman
wasted three years of his life rais-
ing his hat and deciding which
should go through the doorway
first; a donkey wasted three years
of its short life braying; a good-
looking woman wasted three years
of her life looking in a mirror; and
a plain-looking woman wasted three
years of her life looking in a
mirror.

HOW TO JUDGE A MAN.

He would like to confine his
speech to the ladies, but he was not
proficient on that theme, because
when a bachelor flattered himself
he knew women, he flattered him-
self. He would confide to them
that he had never had any particu-
lar shrinking from the fair
sex; in fact, he had at all times
venerated and had thrown bouquets
of forget-me-nots at the beloved
shrine of the petticoat—a garment
he was credibly informed was not
obsolete.

All women liked bargains, but
they would never have it suggested
that they were wearing a bargain.
Judge not a man by his clothes, but
by his wife's clothes.

When the coal strike was settled
there would assuredly arise a new
prosperity for British made goods.
In the past we used to look to the
future; to-day we looked to the tax
collector and to-morrow's death
duties. To them that hath, cometh
the Revenue officer. Providence
giveth and the tax collector taketh
away. But when that prosperity
which was coming arrived, our es-
cutcheon would be a rampant, joy-
ous tax-payer, and not a weeping
one.

Avoid the pessimist—his wheel
of fortune invariably suffered from
a punctured tyre. If women re-
fused to marry pessimists that
would solve the housing problem.

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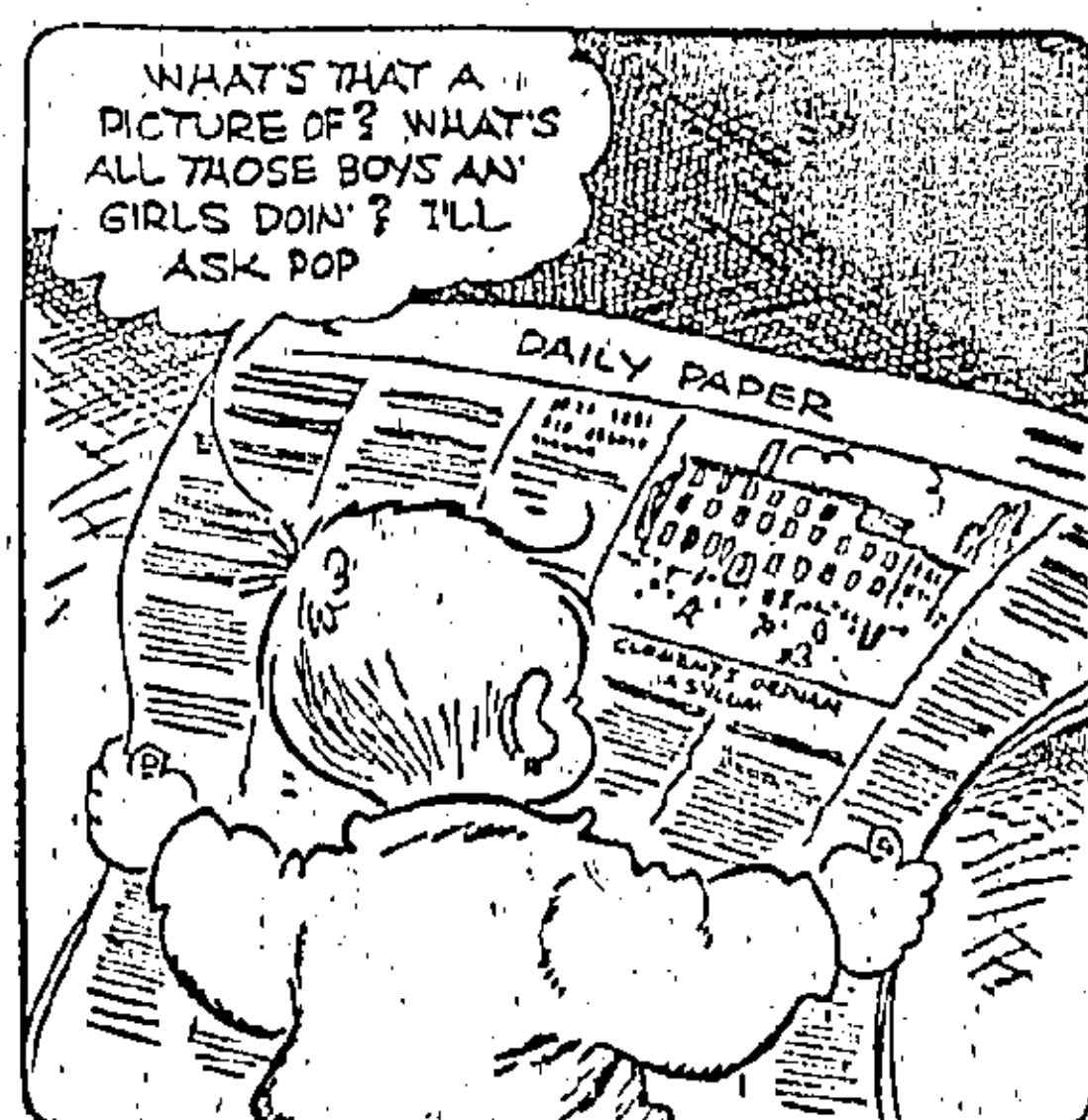
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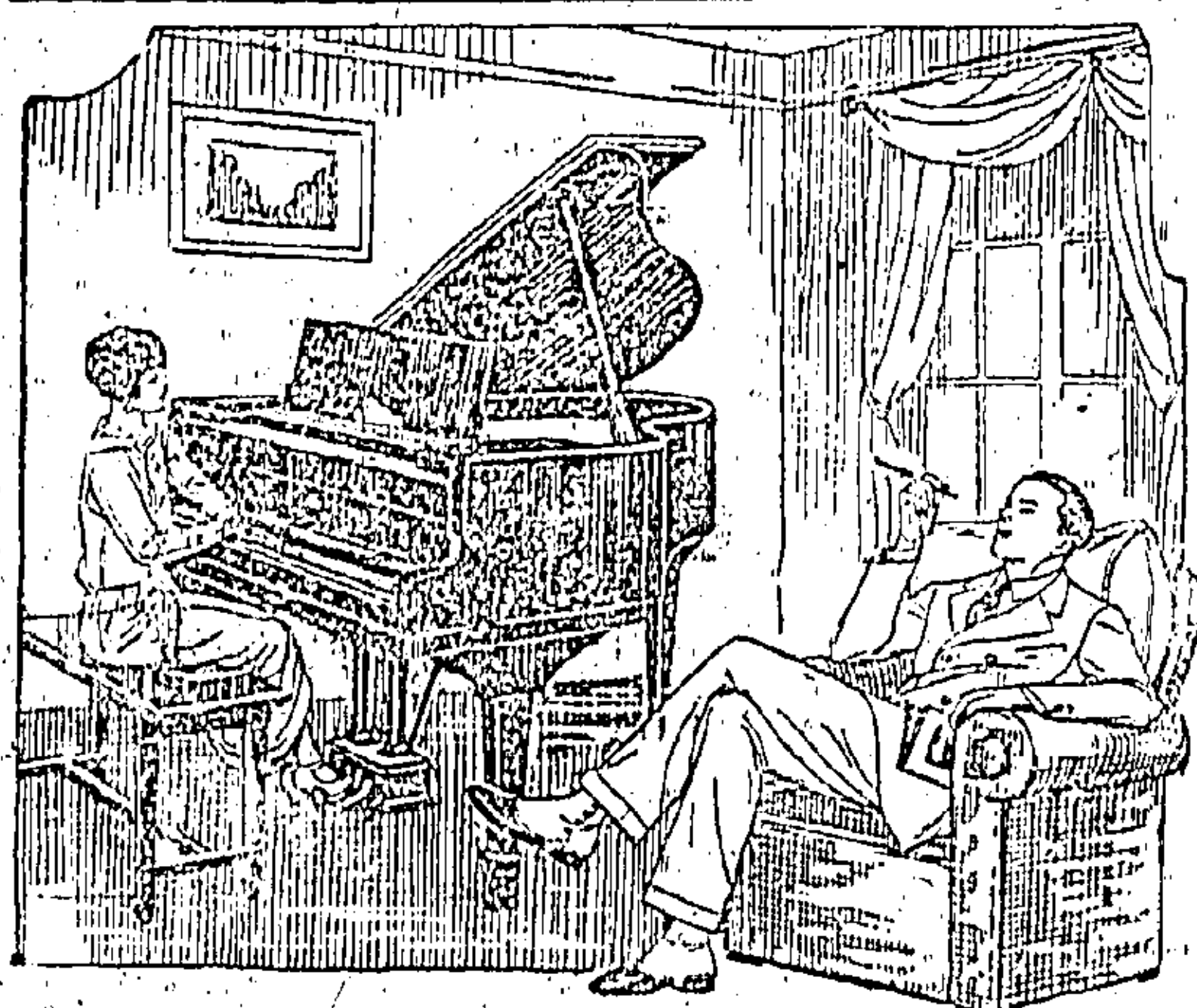
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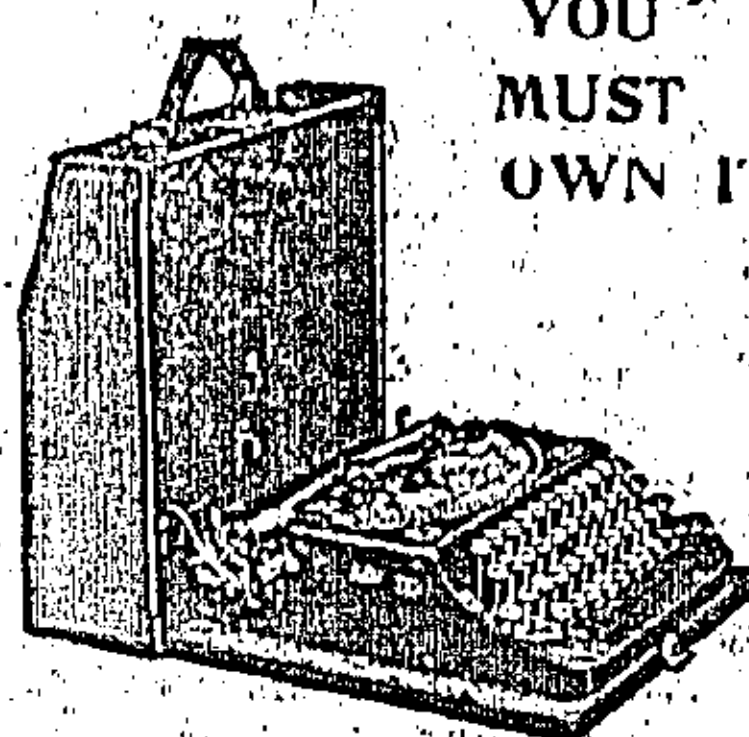
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The Telegraph

MONDAY, AUGUST 2, 1926.

THE COAL OUTLOOK.

The acceptance by the delegates to the miners' conference of the proposals which have been formulated by the bishop of the Church of England the leading man of the Free Churches is a step forward on the road in the coal mining industry, but whether it is a very big step is rather doubtful. It means that the miners are willing to go back to work on the terms which were in force before the stoppage. They have always been willing to do that, but the important proviso in the proposal is that during the period of four months, for which time a renewal of the Government subsidy is asked, there shall be fresh negotiation and the submission of the questions of wages and hours to arbitration, the result of such arbitration to be accepted whatever it might be. That is the big gain, if the miners in the various districts agree to the recommendation of their delegates. In the past the miners have not been prepared to concede anything in the matter of hours or wages, holding that the pre-stoppage terms were the very minimum that they could reasonably be asked to accept. They now say that they are prepared to accept the decisions of arbitration. The Miners' Executive would not, apparently, agree to arbitration on the matter of hours, and some of the delegates from the larger districts did not want to accept the idea of arbitration on wages, but Saturday's telegrams said that it was eventually decided by a "very large majority" to accept the Church's proposals and this means arbitration on both wages and hours.

Of course, the whole proposal is dependent upon the Prime Minister, Mr. Baldwin, retracting his emphatic refusal to give anything more in the way of a subsidy. The figure of £3,000,000 has been mentioned as the limit to which the Government would, in any case, be prepared to go, but the cost of a four months' subsidy is put at round about £10,000,000. One cannot help thinking that Mr. Baldwin and his Government will in the end be prepared to conform to such a weight of public opinion as must be behind the Church's proposal. It would be a big concession, but big problems need big

handling and if there is the prospect of something like a permanent settlement coming out of further negotiation and arbitration then the Government would, we think, be well justified in stepping down to an accommodating level. There has been far too much obstinacy in this dispute already for the Government to add to it further.

One of the most pleasing aspects of the matter has been the way in which the Churches, established as well as free, have shown such a close and sympathetic interest in the dispute, ever since it first broke out. One of the charges against the Church in England of late years has been that it has largely lost touch and sympathy with the great masses of working people and that it has been above the practical and economic problems of everyday life. People have complained at the lack of help given by the churches to which they might naturally have looked. In the great industrial crisis of the general strike however, and in the more prolonged coal mining strike the Churches have displayed keen sympathy and intelligent understanding, and have assisted in no small manner by direct and practical means. A fine piece of work has been done and it will redound to the credit of those who initiated it.

National Feeling.

One of the most regretted developments in connection with the recent crisis in France has been the anti-American demonstrations which have taken place in that country, arising out of the debt settlement question. The damage done to the Franco-American war memorial is an instance of what is likely to occur under inflamed mob passion, although this incident cannot be laid at the doors of the French, being apparently the act of a demented Russian. However, there have been other occurrences likely to cause injury to the relations between France and the United States, and, whoever may be responsible for these events are hardly in keeping with the spirit of friendship which has developed between the two nations. President Coolidge no doubt had these happenings in mind when, a few days ago, he advised Americans abroad to make allowances for the conditions prevailing in the countries in which they live, and not to indulge in unwarranted criticisms or recriminations. It is a happy circumstance that Americans living abroad have not been given to the display of national hatreds, and there is therefore little cause for the Presidential warning. Here in Hongkong, for example, the utmost goodwill and amity have prevailed between the British and American communities, and in this connection we recall with deep satisfaction the many demonstrations which have been forthcoming of that feeling—the solid stand which our American friends took, even against their own nationals in connection with the Shakespearian shooting, and the splendid manner in which Americans came forward to render civic aid during the early days of the strike. Acts such as these are deeply appreciated, and in this case they betoken the very real friendship which exists between Britain and America, which we believe is destined to play an increasingly beneficial part in the future peace and progress of the world.

Captain George E. Hitchens, who is shortly leaving England on his 38,000-mile round-the-world voyage in a small lifeboat, expects to collect data of the greatest value to the shipping world. This will include facts concerning wireless direction-finders, new navigation instruments, and food and clothing inventions for use in a small boat in mid-ocean. Captain Hitchens found his inspiration for this voyage in the Trevesa disaster. He is a fellow officer of Captain Foster, who was in command of the Trevesa, and made that historic 21 days' journey in a small boat over the Indian Ocean. His little nine-ton lifeboat is fitted with a special Marconi set for lifeboats, and the power is provided by a Parsons 15 h.p. heavy oil engine doing 6½ knots.

DAY BY DAY.

JUSTICE SATISFIES EVERYBODY, AND JUSTICE ALONE.—Emerson.

The E. and A. Company's steamer Tunda, which left Manila on Saturday, is due here to-day with the Australian mails.

During Friday four Chinese cases of enteric fever, one Chinese case of paratyphoid fever and one imported Chinese case of cholera were reported.

A dispatch from San Francisco announces the death there on July 3 of Dr. James F. Abbott, former Commercial Attaché to the United States Embassy at Tokyo.

Mrs. Creasy has been elected temporary president of the Cathedral Women Workers Guild during the absence from the Colony of the Guild President, Lady Pollock.

Mr. H. H. For, C. M. G., Commercial Counsellor of the British Legation, arrived in Shanghai from Peking last Monday night. He is proceeding to Hongkong for the purpose of meeting Mrs. Fox, who is on her way back to China from England.

Passengers departing for Manila per s.s. President Jackson yesterday included Mr. J. W. Morse, Judge Pablo Borben, Captain R. and Mrs. Dollar, Hon. E. A. Gilmore, Hon. Sergio Osmeña, Miss J. Proudfoot, Dr. Jose Reyes, Mr. and Mrs. C. G. Streen and Colonel and Mrs. H. L. Stimson.

In overtaking and passing an east-bound tramcar in Queen's Road East at 10.30 a.m. yesterday, a motor lorry belonging to the Luen Yick Company was unable to clear the tram. In the resulting collision, the front of the tram was damaged, and the radiator of the lorry was dented. No one was injured.

At the Kowloon Magistracy this morning, Sergeant Tyler made an application for the confiscation of two Luger pistols, one revolver and 334 rounds of ammunition, which were found unclaimed in the Chinese crews' quarters on board the President Jackson yesterday morning. The Magistrate made the necessary order.

Among forthcoming weddings are those of Mr. Ellison Desio Botelho, clerk, residing at No. 19, Mosque Street, and Miss Victoria Maria Mutton, residing at No. 32, Jordan Road, Kowloon, and Mr. Allister Pommerehne, Chartered Accountant, Hill West, and Miss Edith Dorothy Lilian Birchall, residing at New Brighton, Cheshire, England.

Captain Gallarza, the aviator, who made a flight from Madrid to Manila, narrowly escaped death on July 23rd when the plane in which he was a passenger crashed at Puerto Piqueras, in Spain. Captain Gallarza was not injured and later motored to Madrid, but the pilots arm was broken and the other passenger was slightly injured. The aeroplane was destroyed.

The retirement of senior Malayan officials continues, the latest being the unexpected decision of the Hon. O. F. G. Stonor, senior British Resident, to retire in September. Mr. Stonor was appointed to Perak in December. Recently he underwent an operation for appendicitis and is now medically advised to leave the tropics. He joined the Service as a junior officer in 1890. He will be fifty-five years of age next June.

An intimation was given during the hearing of the Cafe Pariser Case that Madam Flint was being summoned by Mr. Geoffrey for assault and using abusive language. It was explained at the Central Magistracy by Mr. Hugh Jones on Saturday that there was some misunderstanding and an amicable settlement had been arrived at. No reflection was cast on Mr. Geoffrey, added Mr. Hugh Jones.

The Kowloon Fire Brigade was called out yesterday morning at 8.30, on an outbreak at No. 9 Cheungsha Street, Mongkok. The premises involved was a building of three storeys, occupying an area of 60 by 20 feet, used as an umbrella store and dwelling house. The stop was issued at 8.45, the report stating that the contents of the ground floor were badly damaged by fire and water and the upper floors by smoke.

BORNEO'S NEW GOVERNOR.

MALAYAN OFFICIAL CHOSEN.

Jessellton, July 23.
The Governor Elect of British North Borneo is Mr. J. L. Humphreys, of the Malayan Civil Service.

It is expected that Mr. Humphreys will arrive here early in October.

Both British North Borneo and Mr. Humphreys can we think be congratulated upon the choice which has been made for the post of Government of British North Borneo.

In Mr. Humphreys, Borneo receives one of the younger generation of Malayan Civil Servants who have, within the past few years made their mark in the service, and who have long been marked for promotion.

Mr. Humphreys is a younger man, being only in his 44th year, but he has done well in the Service and besides the usual work which falls to members of the Service such as district officer, magistrate, etc., in the F.M.S. he has seen service in Johore as adviser at Muar and more recently held the important post of Acting North Borneo will find him capable and sympathetic.—Singapore Free Press.

PROF. LANGSNER.

TO GIVE ANOTHER
DEMONSTRATION.

M. Regad, Professor Langsner's secretary, informs us that, owing to the large number of requests which have reached the Professor at the Hongkong Hotel, another demonstration of Occult Science will be given at the Theatre Royal on Thursday afternoon next at 5.30 p.m.

Professor Langsner desires us to state that he is much gratified by the interest taken in his work in Hongkong but he especially requests that his audience on Thursday next will assist him by remaining as quiet and attentive as possible while he is engaged in the various demonstrations.

Booking will open at Moutrie's to-morrow, and an early application for seats is advised.

ISRAEL ZANGWILL.

DEATH OF NOTED NOVELIST.

London, August 1.

The death is announced of the famous Jewish novelist, Israel Zangwill.—*Reuter*.

[The late Mr. Zangwill, who was 62 years of age, was a self-educated man, taking the B.A. degree at London University. He became an elementary school teacher in Spitalfields and later became famous as a novelist, mainly by his stories of the Jews, of which "Children of the Ghetto" is the best known. His literary output has been very large, including novels, plays and poems. He has also done much lecturing at Home and in Jerusalem, Holland and the United States. During the war he did much special writing, and became an ardent supporter of the Palestine movement among the Jews. His best-known late work was "We Moderns," written in 1923. He lived mainly at his country house in Sussex.]

CANTON DISPUTES.

THE NEWSPAPER ROUBLE.

A Canton correspondent says it was thought at one time that the dispute between the Canton Press Association and the printing staffs of vernacular paper as regards the increases of wages of the latter, would be settled in three or four days, as the negotiations were being carried on smoothly and satisfactorily. But it now seems that the newsboys have come forth with a fresh demand for the reduction in the price of the dailies, which has caused a check to the negotiations. However, it is hoped that further parleys may cause the newsboys to be more reasonable in their demands, as the Bureau of Labour and Agriculture is making every effort to solve the questions at issue.

In the meantime, the Government has again issued strict orders to all the Unions that any movement outside the law will be rigidly suppressed and all movers and participants will be severely punished by martial law.

The postmen's strike is reported to have eased off and is likely to be settled.

TO-DAY

Dollar on demand 2s. 2/16
Lighting-up 7.05 p.m.

The Very Idea!

This summer's innovation at or 50 pounds of glad rags to carry New York is "a floating night about on their frail girlish club."

Shrewd promoters have secured self had 3,000 of such outfits! a five-masted barkentine to cruise. The 50 pounds included a ten in the waters about Long Island pound body harness of whale-bone and, if the vogue persists, in and buckram, an eight-pound Florida waters when winter comes. leather stomacher, a five-pound Dance floors, dining rooms, tea farthingale—bone and leather rooms, equipment for swimming, pannier—five-pound shoes with fishing—and all sea subjects are cork soles eight inches thick, four provided. The old square rigger, pounds worth of five petticoats, an with its ghosts of hardy seaman, eight-pound head-dress with ruff, and hazardous voyages, will now and a ten-pound court dress. And carry a cargo of pretty maids in sport clothes and young men with benighted days of now!

The recruits for membership will come largely from the Park keep his eyes closed during prayer, avenue belt and, Vincent Richards, and Johnny wanted to know how the tennis champion, will be a she knew he didn't.

The few will pay \$200 a year and \$50 additional membership dues—a very nominal sum for a floating club. But no mention is made of what the charges for eating and tea sipping will be—to say nothing of ginger ale and vichy water.

Of course he danced upon his feet. And it was sad but true, That when he did, he also Danced on other people's too.

Thirty ounces is the average weight of a girl's clothes today—ties of milk, according to Dr. that is, just the clothes she wears Stavros Damaglov, of Athens. One at one fling. That's on the con of the worst centres of infection thence. New York modistes boast in the world is the hen's egg, he that they have cut it down to 16 also declared. Dr. Damaglov was ounces. The girls of old Queen addressing a vegetarian congress Bess' time thought nothing of 40 in London.

People develop the mentality of a cow if they drink large quantities of milk, according to Dr. that is, just the clothes she wears Stavros Damaglov, of Athens. One at one fling. That's on the con of the worst centres of infection thence. New York modistes boast in the world is the hen's egg, he that they have cut it down to 16 also declared. Dr. Damaglov was ounces. The girls of old Queen addressing a vegetarian congress Bess' time thought nothing of 40 in London.

CANTON'S NORTHERN WAR.

PROPOSED ADVANCE ON WUCHANG.

BOMBERS FOR FRONT.

General Chang Kai-shek, in the report of his arrival at Shukwan, informed the Canton Government that he intended to arrive at Hengchow on August 1st, to inspect the defences and the condition of the troops in the field, and that orders for a general advance on Wuchang have been given to the armies designated for that purpose.

In this connection, it is reported, that Wu Pei-fu is rushing troops from Honan to Wuchang, and that Sun Chuan-fang is despatching forces to Kiangsi to cope with the situation.

It is to be noted that after the defeat of Yip Hoi-kum in Hunan, no appointment to the supreme command of the Northern Army has been announced. There are a number of Generals in Wuchang who are aspiring to that post, but it seems that they are unable to agree between themselves as to who shall be given the command. This fact encourages the Revolutionary Army in the hope of reaching and capturing Wuchang without much opposition. Moreover, it is stated that most of the aspirants for the post of Commander-in-Chief either have been and are now members of the Kuomintang, or sympathisers with that party and the revolutionary cause.

Tang Sung-che has reported to the Canton Government that two regiments of bombers are in course of formation and will be despatched soon for the purpose of attacking Wuchang. Large quantities of grenades have arrived at the front, in good time to put them to the test in the coming attack.

THE NEXT OBJECTIVE.

Reports from Hunan, where the main body of the Kuomintang Northern expeditionary forces is concentrating, state that the General Tang Seng-chi, the pro-Kuomintang Commander, has decided to remain in Changsha for the time being, and let the right and left wings go ahead with their operations, the objective of which is Pingliang.

To raise funds for the war, General Tang Seng-chi is said to have imposed a property tax in Hunan districts, the rates being 50 per cent. for ordinary and 20 per cent. for cultivated lands.

TWO GOVERNMENTS.

The Hunan Provincial Assembly, the legislative branch of the Government under peaceful circumstances, is now unable to function at Changsha on account of its occupation by the "Red" troops, and has moved over to Yochow, where it is still functioning. In a resolution, the Assembly condemned General Tang Seng-chi as a violator of the Provincial Constitution. The Provincial Assembly will also open an office at Hankow.

In the meantime, the Kuomintang, under General Tang Seng-chi, has already organised a Government in Changsha with General Tang as Chairman or Commissioner of the Military Council.

Reports from non-Kuomintang sources state that the militarists in Fukien and Kiangsi are not necessarily favourable to the Kuomintang as the latter claims, and it is possible that the Kuomintang will have to defend their positions against these two provinces as well as Hunan and Hupeh.

QUEEN'S THEATRE.

"ABRAHAM LINCOLN" NOW SHOWING.

There is a special attraction at the Queen's Theatre at present, this being the much-talked-of film, "Abraham Lincoln." It will be screened up to and including Wednesday.

The chief incidents in the life of the American liberator are splendidly portrayed, and, apart from the more thrilling aspects thereof, which are well brought out, there is much that is romantic and a deal of humour and pathos. George Billings takes the title role, and his fine acting is a feature of a remarkable picture.

The next change, from Thursday to Saturday, will be "Excuse Me," a comedy starring Conrad and Norma Shearer.

NIGHT WIRELESS.

FURTHER LIGHT ON BAFFLING PROBLEM.

Why do wireless waves travel better through the ether at night than during the day? This problem is one of the most baffling questions which wireless experts and physicists have ever had before them, and the keenest interest has been aroused in scientific circles in a new theory advanced by the American physicist, Dr. Hulbert, which, it is claimed, provides easy explanations to many hitherto unaccountable phenomena.

It has been known for many years that when wireless signals are sent out from a transmitter on a short wave-length the strength of such signals diminishes as the distance from their source increases, and finally fade out entirely, being incapable of detection over a considerable distance. After this distance is covered, however, the signals again become audible, finally reaching a maximum strength, becoming weaker again as the receiver is moved still further from the transmitter.

The distance from the transmitter to the point where for the second time the signals become audible is technically known as the "skip" distance, and this distance increases as the wave-length on which the signals are being sent out is decreased. For a particular wave-length the "skip" distance is greater at night than during the daytime, and is greater during winter than in the summer. From experiments carried out in the American Naval Research Department it has been found that for the wave-lengths of 16, 21, 32, and 40 metres the skip distances during daylight are 1,300, 700, 400, and 175 miles respectively, and that these distances are more than doubled at night.

The Split Wave.

Dr. Hulbert declares that this phenomenon shows that the transmitted wave consists of two parts, one of which keeps to the earth's surface and diminishes rapidly in strength, while the other part moves upwards and returns to the earth after being refracted by a portion of the Heaviside layer, which he claims is heavily charged with electrons.

During the daytime, says Dr. Hulbert, the maximum electron density is obtained at a height of between a seventy and one hundred and fifty miles above the earth. At night-time, when the sun's rays are absent, a recombination of ions and electron will occur, the electron density, therefore, becoming less, compelling the upward-bound half of the transmitted electric wave to ascend to higher altitudes before being turned back to earth. The higher the radio waves have to go, of course, the greater is the distance between the transmitting point and the point where the waves touch the earth.

Madrid, July 17.—An unofficial commission of Spanish professors, writers and artists will visit the Philippines in November to establish stronger cultural relations between Spain and the Philippine Islands, according to an announcement made to-day on behalf of the Hispano-Filipino Committee. The decision to send a cultural mission is said to have resulted indirectly from the flight of Captain Loriga and Captain Gallarza which focused the interest of the whole country on the Philippines. The Hispano-Filipino Committee suggested to the minister of education that the government foster a greater exchange of students and professors between the Philippines and Spain.

London, July 10.—Cadet Allen, a Marlborough College boy, shooting in the Bisley Ashburton competition, gave a fine display of sportsmanship, completing his card while suffering from acute pain, rather than jeopardise his school team. He suddenly became ill on firing at the first range, but tried to hide his suffering from his school-fellows and scored 30 out of a possible 35 points. He was so ill that he was unable to return to camp unassisted. The doctors diagnosed appendicitis and considered that an operation was necessary immediately, but Allen insisted on returning to the range to complete the shoot and despite the pain he scored 31 points. He was then removed to hospital in an ambulance, and an operation was performed.

IN THE NEWS.



GEN. PRIMO DE RIVERA, the Spanish dictator, who has just escaped being assassinated.



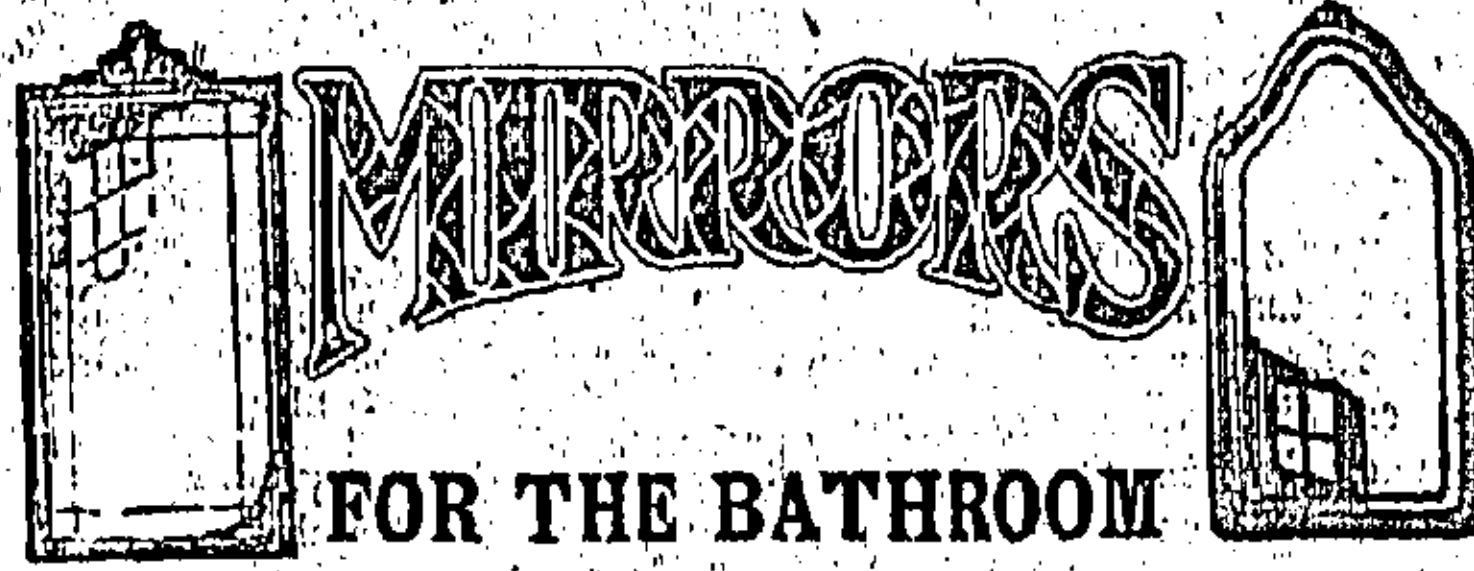
ISRAEL ZANGWILL, the Jewish novelist, whose death is just reported.



GENERAL CALLES, the Mexican President, a plot against whose life has just been discovered.

In this dear old country we cannot afford to stand still; if we do stand still, we may be tempted to lie down. The man who lies down in business deserves to get run over. Successful men are such because they have been a little more exact, a little more industrious, a little more enthusiastic—in a word, a little more alive than others.—The Rev. Canon A. R. W. Little.

We (Malacca Observer) have been favoured with the loan of a copy of prospectus, dated July 12th, of The Malayan Daily Express (1926) Limited, a company about to be formed in Kuala Lumpur, for the purpose of starting a new daily (morning) newspaper in Kuala Lumpur. The share capital of the proposed company is \$200,000 divided into 20,000 shares of \$10 each. The promoters, in their introductory remarks, are very optimistic as to the results of their venture. We venture to suggest that their optimism would have been more justified had they decided to make the shares dollar ones. Ten dollar shares are not very popular amongst the small capitalist and investor, and it is to this class of people that the promoters will have to look for their capital. Fifteen thousand of the shares are now offered to the public on "easy payment" system, but we certainly think the venture would have stood a better chance of success if the price of a share had been a humble dollar. We, however, wish the promoters every success, and shall look forward with interest to the first publication, which we understand is to be on January 2nd, 1927, if all goes well.



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THE CHARLESTON.

CONDEMNED BY BRITISH COMPOSER.

London, July 10.—Jazz music is carrying the present generation back to the instincts of cavemen and savages Dr. Henry Coward, prominent English composer and musical authority told the United Press in an exclusive interview.

Dr. Coward declared that modern dances such as the exaggerated foxtrot and the Charleston, which followed the introduction of jazz as a "fixed standard" of music, have "turned back pages of progress to the drunken revelry of lesser breeds." "It is not the noise, lack of rhythm or the ugly cleverness of jazz that I object to," Dr. Coward said, "but it is the exploitation of this class of ambitious gaiety which has been injected upon all people as a 'fixed standard' of music for all occasions."

The jerky rhythms; the hooping, out-of-tune saxophones; the plonking-beats of the banjos; the grotesque howlings and boisterous banking of toys and kitchen utensils is degrading to all artistic sense and possesses atavistic tendencies in carrying civilization back to the first stages of music.

"The antics of bodily movement which have been devised to fit these humdrum sounds can only be compared with the oddity of the dances of the plantation slaves of 80 years ago. Jazz music and jazz dancing is the outgrowth of a degraded taste for art in the better class of people, with the result that the lesser classes saw the acceptance of jazz by people who should know better and felt that they should immediately accept this form of orgy to be proper."

"The effect of such wild revelries which have followed in the wake of this so-called music, upon the thought, life, action, dress, morals and speech of the young people of to-day is difficult to conceive, especially upon a stage of civilization which should be very much above such a plane."

GIDDY AND GAUDY.

Paris, July 24.—The dancing masters of the world sat in judgment in Paris on the Charleston and found it giddy and gaudy but wanting. It will never go down in history with the fox trot, tango and waltz.

The Charleston is not enough civilized for the rest of the world outside of the United States. That is what the world's slickest dancing masters decided, even though, in so doing, they took a chance on hurting the feelings of the Prince of Wales who is considerable. Charlestoner himself and is doing all he can to popularize the dance.

Of the Charleston, the professors decided "its origin is negroid, its aspect is immoral, its influence is unspeakable" and consequently, it is unworthy to be practised in good society."

Professor Jimmy Telle, who panders tango lessons to denizens of the capital of ancient Greece, put on a Charleston for the enlightenment of the other masters, but Jimmy never learned the Charleston in its native haunts

CLERICAL CONFLICT.

AUSTRIAN CHANCELLOR'S POSITION SHAKEN.

Vienna.—According to the "Neues Wiener Journal," Chancellor Reme's position is thoroughly shaken owing to the crisis caused by the conflict in the Education question; and Dr. Rintelen, the new Education Minister, may become Chancellor in the autumn. Nothing, however, can be settled until Dr. Seipel's return from America.

This conflict has been a sore point for a long time. In pre-war Austria the Clerical influence in the schools predominated. After the collapse of the monarchy the Social Democrats worked hard to do away with it, and were successful, but it is the exploitation of other towns with a large working population. Ever since the Christian Socialists returned to power their Clerical wing, under the leadership of Dr. Seipel and Archbishop Piffl have tried to counteract the Socialists' influence, and things have now come to a head.

The compromising attitude of Dr. Schneider and two leaders of the Christian Socialists in agreeing that the schools in Vienna and some other towns should be managed on modern lines and the schools in the country according to Clerical principles has met with fierce resistance on the part of the Clerical wing. In the absence of Dr. Seipel and Archbishop Piffl the Clericals have prevailed upon Chancellor Reme to deny the validity of the agreement with the Social Democrats, while the latter declare it to be binding. The split in the ranks of the Christian Socialists is obvious, and the gulf between their Clerical wing and the more modern elements within that party has broadened.

and he really didn't do it justice. The crowd went into an uproar as Jimmy contorted and threatened to dislocate himself permanently. Europe had never seen anything like it. Its jungle taint shocked, its acrobatics threatened the tight coat of European evening wear.

But the dance found a defender in M. Saphir, of Budapest, who gave it a half-hearted defence. He would correct its faults, eliminate its knee twisting and make it as decent as a folk dance. But he was voted down. Mile. Made Soucy, of the French section, thought it would be a good idea to charge a committee with the job of working up a Charleston devoted to all hip stomach movements.

But in the end, the dancing masters decided that if America wants the dance she can have it, but the rest of the world is getting tired of jazz and the negro influence in dancing. There is a hint in that ultimatum that the dancing masters were afraid of the consequences if they attempted to go through a demonstration dance to a dozen classes a day.

But as the convention, with delegates representing 22 nations in attendance, decided to centre their efforts on getting into popular vogue three dances, the "Boston," "Paseo Roubie" and "Spanish Schottische," its case will be opened again.

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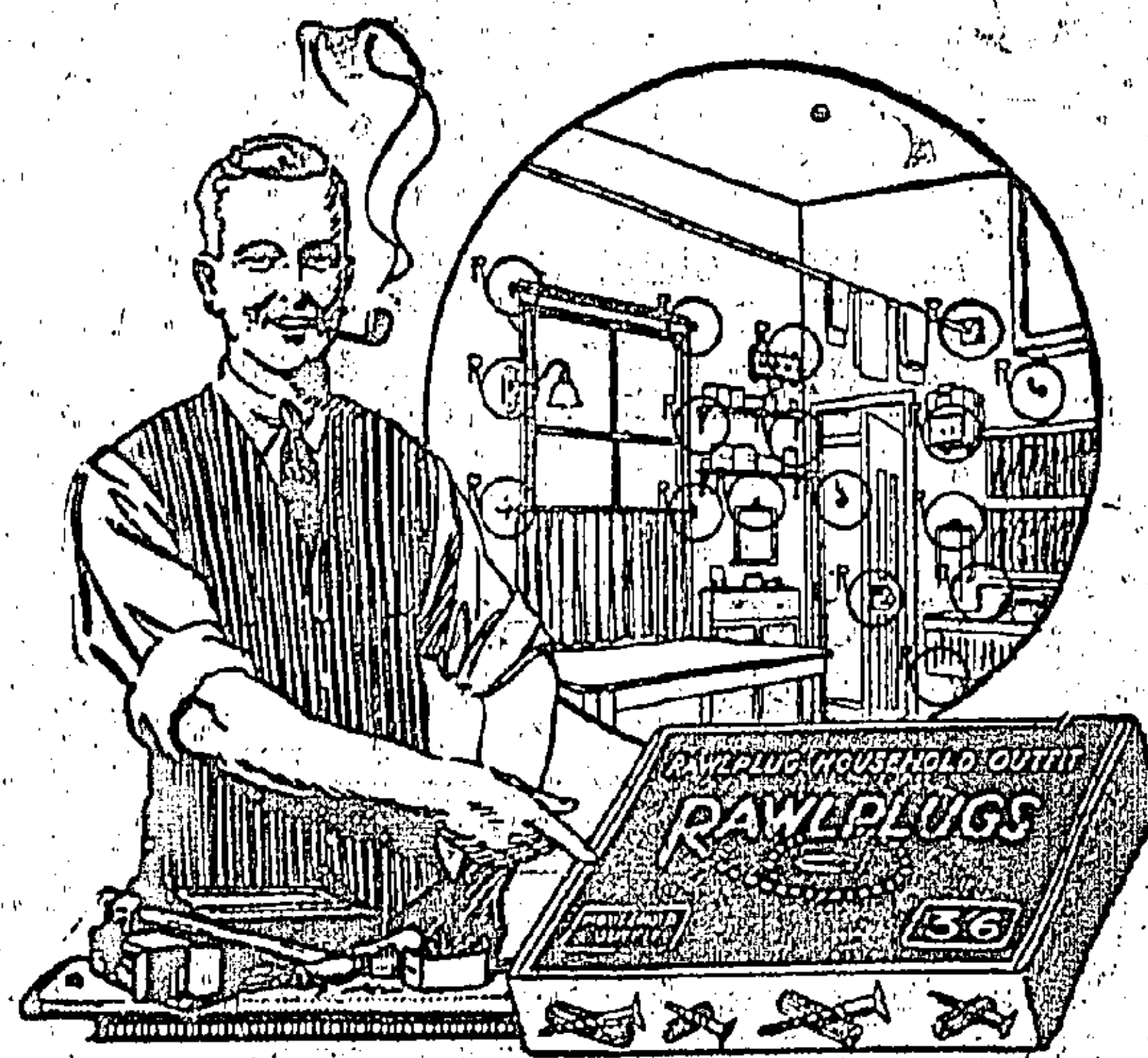
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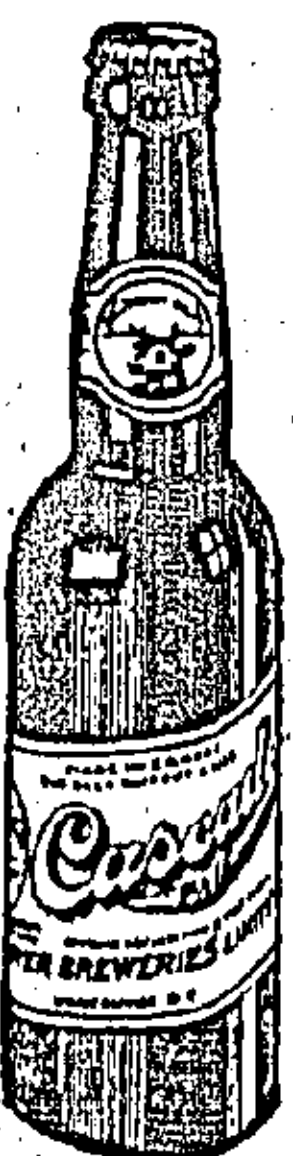
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LAWN BOWLS.

TAIKOO WIN FIRST DIVISION HONOURS.

By defeating the Civil Service by a margin of ten shots on Saturday the Taikoo Recreation Club regained the first division championship, which they lost to Craigengower last year. The latter team share second position with the Kowloon Dock, but their "shot" average is slightly less than that of the Kowloon team.

Unless the present rule is altered the Police who were promoted from the second Division last year will be relegated next season.

The second division afforded a surprise on Saturday when Taikoo were beaten by the Civil Service. The Kowloon Cricket Club gained a victory over the Indians and the East Point R. C. won from the Yacht Club.

FIRST DIVISION.

Civil Service C.C. v. Taikoo Recreation Club.

By defeating the Civil Service team at Kowloon Taikoo Recreation Club gained the Championship of the First Division of the League.

Scores:

C.S.C.C.	T.R.C.
Booker	Muirhead
Knight	Duncan
Oswick	McCubbin
Deakin	Pearson
Leung	Peoples
Smith	Chapman
Stra	Sloan
Brown	Drummond
Maughan	Whyte
Beattie	Grimshaw
Hollidge	Morrison
Gregory	Wotherspoon
Total	Total
55	65

Kowloon Bowling Green Club v. Kowloon Dock R.C.

The Bowling Green at home lost to the Dock team by the very narrow margin of 3 shots. Scores:

K.B.G.C.	K.D.R.C.
Nish	Greig
Slipper	Doeherty
Hazel	McLagan
Farrell	Grey
Dobbie	Goodman
Bench	Ramsay
McLachlan	Punchoon
Whibley	McKelvie
Duncan	R. Goodman
Dixon	Cooper
Holland	Brown
Macfarlane	Lapsley
Total	Total
54	57

SECOND DIVISION.

Craigengower C.C. v. Club de Recreio. Playing on their own green Craigengower suffered defeat at the hands of their opponents by 2 shots. Scores:

C.C.C.	Club de Recreio
Luz	J. Ribeiro
Razack	C. Marques
Rodrigues	A. Ribeiro
Fletcher	F. Ribeiro
Brightman	L. Remedios
Bennett	F. Remedios
Alves	C. Silva
Gillard	L. Souza
Kharas	Barros
Kitchell	Sequeira
Sellwood	Rosario
Arcull	Britto
Total	Total
62	61

East Point R.C. v. R.H.K. Yacht Club. Although winning on two greens, the Yacht Club were unable to claim a victory. Scores:

E.P.R.C.	R.H.K.Y.C.
Baker	Wood
Glover	Ramsay
Henderson	Vaux
McTavish	Russell
Shaw	Croucher
Webster	Carpenter
Whitford	Dixon
Emmott	Edwards
Somerville	Davies
Williamson	Lang
McKellar	Anderson
Lee	Shields
Total	Total
62	52

Taikoo R.C. v. Civil Service C.C. Playing at home Taikoo were unexpectedly defeated by the Civil Service by 8 shots. Scores:

T.R.C.	C.S.C.C.
Warnock	Jones
Boyle	Rose
Chalmers	Davies
McKechie	A. B. Allen
Wald	Flegg
Spiers	Archibald
Craig	Knot
Scath	Alderman
Maxwell	Carr
Richmond	Westlake
Stalker	Haynes
Grimes	Lambie
Total	Total
53	61

Kowloon C.C. v. Indian R.C. Playing on their own green the Cricket Club gained a comfortable victory over the Indians by 24 shots. Both teams scored a "possible" at the fifth end and yet finished a point down. Scores:

K.C.C.	I.R.C.
Overy	Nazarin
Labrum	Harmon
Robinson	Harlem
Fraser	Ismail
Goodwin	Haroon
Lampert	Bux
Smith	Madar
Gibson	Hyder
Gorvin	Bux
Abraham	Kitchell
Tachai	Espina
Hill	Ismail
Total	Total
73	40

AMERICAN BASEBALL

RESULTS OF AMERICAN AND NATIONAL LEAGUE.

New York, July 31.
The results of the baseball matches during the past week were as under:

NATIONAL LEAGUE.
Saturday:
St. Louis 3, New York 5.
Pittsburg 12, Brooklyn 3.
Pittsburg 3, Brooklyn 2.
Cincinnati 1, Boston 2.
Chicago 0, Philadelphia 2.
Chicago 2, Philadelphia 3.
Sunday:
Brooklyn 3, Pittsburg 1.
St. Louis 6, New York 5.
Cincinnati 4, Boston 8.
Chicago 6, Philadelphia 4.
Monday:
Brooklyn 2, Pittsburg 3.
Tuesday:
New York 3, Pittsburg 4.
Brooklyn 6, Cincinnati 3.
Brooklyn 0, Cincinnati 2.
Boston 1, Chicago 2.
Wednesday:
New York 0, Pittsburg 6.
Brooklyn 3, Cincinnati 4.
Philadelphia 6, St. Louis 3.
Philadelphia 4, St. Louis 5.
Boston 3, Chicago 2.
Friday:
New York 2, St. Louis 5.
Brooklyn 4, Chicago 1.
Philadelphia 6, Pittsburg 1.
AMERICAN LEAGUE.
Saturday:
New York 7, Chicago 4.
Boston 14, St. Louis 9.
Boston 5, St. Louis 5.
Philadelphia 6, Cleveland 5.
Washington 2, Detroit 3.
Sunday:
New York 2, Chicago 1.
Washington 4, Detroit 14.
Cleveland 7, St. Louis 4.
Monday:
Philadelphia 5, Boston 0.
Tuesday:
Philadelphia 5, Washington 9.
St. Louis 6, New York 6.
Detroit 4, Boston 7.
Chicago 2, Washington 7.
Wednesday:
St. Louis 2, New York 3.
Cleveland 6, Philadelphia 2.
Cleveland 2, Philadelphia 0.
Detroit 4, Boston 5.
Chicago 5, Washington 2.
Thursday:
St. Louis 7, New York 10.
Cleveland 3, Philadelphia 1.
Detroit 3, Boston 5.
Chicago 3, Washington 7.
Friday:
St. Louis 8, New York 10.
Cleveland 4, Philadelphia 1.
Chicago 5, Washington 4.
Detroit 3, Boston 4.
—Reuter's American Service.

PROTESTANTS BARRED.

AMERICAN NEGLECTS TO BOW THE KNEE.

Rome, August 1.
The newspapers announce that Papal audiences to Protestants have been suspended in consequence of an American Protestant visitor omitting to kneel at a general Pontifical audience.—Reuter.

LEAGUE TABLES.

The following are the positions in the League to date:

Division I.
P. W. D. L. P.
Taikoo R.C. 10 8 0 2 16
Kowloon Dock 10 7 0 3 14
Craigengower C.C. 10 7 0 3 14
Civil Service 10 4 1 5 9
Kowloon B.G. 10 2 0 8 4
Police R.C. 10 1 1 8 3
Shots for and Against.
Taikoo R.C. 655 520 125 5
Kowloon D.R.C. 585 533 52 0
Craigengower C.C. 614 565 49 0
Civil Service 559 580 0 21
Kowloon B.G. 525 602 0 77
Police R.C. 493 632 0 139
Division II.
P. W. D. L. P.
Kowloon C.C. 10 8 0 2 16
Taikoo R.C. 10 7 0 3 14
Civil Service C.C. 10 7 0 3 14
East Point R.C. 10 7 0 3 14
Club de Recreio 10 3 1 6 7
Craigengower C.C. 10 3 0 7 4
R.H.K. Yacht Club 10 3 0 7 6
Indian R.C. 9 1 0 8 2
Shots for and Against.
Kowloon C.C. 677 627 145 0
East Point R.C. 605 520 85 0
Taikoo R.C. 602 552 50 0
Civil Service R.C. 661 730 21 0
Craigengower 588 580 0 12
R.H.K. Yacht Club 594 622 0 28
Club de Recreio 539 618 0 79
Indian R.C. 439 621 0 182

Inter-Departmental Match.

The first of the inter-departmental matches was played between the Sanitary Department and the Police at the latter's ground yesterday, the game ending in a win for the former by a margin of 11 shots. The winners will meet the Revenue Department in the semi-final. To-day being a bank holiday, the Public Works Department will play the Prison Department and the winners will meet the Education Department in the second semi-final.

The scores for yesterday's game were as follow:
Sanitary Department—Taylor, Smith, Gregory, Hill (skip) 28.
Police—Jeld, Sward, Field, Clarke (skip) 17.
The teams for this afternoon's game will be:
P. W. D.—Sarn, Carpenter, Tachai and Hollands (skip).
Prison Department—Buchanan, Johnson, Whitshire, and McLeod (skip).

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A "Stutz" Speedster (guaranteed in good running order) will be given free to the winner of the ODOL Missing Word Competition which commences to-day.

Competitors are required to fill in the missing words, and one point will be awarded for every correct word with a bonus of five extra points for every coupon on which all the missing words are correctly given. Every five coupons must be accompanied with a wrapper from a bottle of ODOL purchased from the Queen's Dispensary. Extra coupons may be obtained free from the Queen's Dispensary. Any number of coupons may be sent in.

Drs. F. M. G. Ozorio, F. H. Kew and Arthur Woo have kindly consented to select and seal the various sentences to be used and to act as judges. Their decision of the result will be considered final.

The car will be awarded to the competitor who secures the highest number of points and the competition will continue for a period of three months from August 1st. The sentences will be changed every two weeks.

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What is ODOL? It is an antiseptic mouthwash. How should ODOL be used? With a glass of water put in a few drops of ODOL and gargle. We find it gives results. Why should ODOL be used? Because it is a preparation for the of the mouth and teeth. By the use of ODOL it may prevent various diseases thereby towards health and

THE SOONER YOU ENTER, THE BETTER YOUR CHANCE OF WINNING.

Coupons bearing the above sentences must be presented with supporting wrappers at our Dispensary not later than 12 noon on the 16th of August, 1926.

Interviewed by the *Daily Herald* with reference to the Indian Sandhurst Committee's visits to military training colleges in Europe and America, Mr. Jinnah said they were enormously impressed by the rigour of the life of the cadets in France who had to live like private soldiers, at least for three years, regardless of the class to which they belonged.

THE NEW FRENCH REMEDY.
THERAPION No. 1
THERAPION No. 2
THERAPION No. 3
No. 1 for Rheumatism, No. 2 for Gout, No. 3 for Gravel.
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LOCAL BASEBALL.

ISHIMATSU STRIKES OUT VOLUNTEERS.

Ishimatsu, the Japanese pitching star, struck terror into the hearts of the Volunteer sluggers on Saturday at the Happy Valley diamond, holding them down to one solitary hit. Wheeler was the man who dared but, even he was put out for he over-ran second.

The Volunteers scattered errors around freely, and their opponents ran up twelve runs scoring in six of the seven innings.

Ishimatsu struck out seven Volunteer men, and the latter went out with monotonous regularity one-two-three.

The scores were:
Japanese.....1053111-12
Volunteers.....000000-0
The Japanese run-getters were:
Kusano (3), S. Hachima, Takotomi, Honda (2 each), Yokoi, Hayase, and Ishimatsu.

TWO HOME RUNS.

Two home runs, one by Zafra for the Filipinos, and one by Gosano for the Club de Recreo, were scored in the course of the second game at Happy Valley on Saturday, but they were both thrown out with empty bases and apart from the run had little value.

The Filipinos defeated the Recreo by three runs to two, and though the result was in the nature of a surprise it was deserved.

The Filipinos scored first, Zafra hitting his home run in the second innings; Alves tied the score after a hit, and in the sixth, the remainder being blanks, Gosano put the Recreo ahead.

The Recreo fielding broke down at the critical moment, Kitchell and Francisco scoring hits, which brought the former home, and then errors completed the round for Francisco. Two frys and a strike out dismissed the Recreo.

The score was:
Recreo.....0001010-2
Filipinos.....0100002-3

HEAVY HITTING.

No fewer than thirty-two runs were scored in the course of the South China-Hongkong Baseball Club match at Happy Valley on Sunday. The Club batters were in great form, S. L. Lee being battered no fewer than eighteen times. The hits were scattered however, and South China made few errors.

On the other hand, the Chinese could get only nine hits off the pitching of Cockey, but frequent errors enabled them to pile up a run total of 20.

The Chinese were blanked out in the first three innings, while the Club scored five in the second and one in the third to give them a lead by six runs to love at that stage.

South China scored three in the fourth and six in the fifth to lead for the first time 9-6, but this was quickly wiped out by another burst by the Club who scored six runs to return into the front by 12-9. Two by the Chinese left them still in arrears, but at the last time at bat they came up for nine runs, every man scoring.

The details were:
Chinese.....00303629-20
Hongkong.....0510600-12

AUSTRALIAN TOUR.

MATCH WITH GLAMORGAN.

London, July 31.

At Swansea on Saturday the Australians commenced their match with Glamorgan in close but glorious weather and on a good wicket. The attendance numbered 18,000. The visitors batted first and scored 283 runs, of which total Ponsford claimed no less than 143, being not out at the close of the innings. Mercer captured five wickets for 74 runs.

When stumps were drawn Glamorgan had made 85 runs for the loss of three wickets. Reuter.

Penang, July 22.—The police are vigilantly hunting for road scorers. Mr. N. G. Reddish, of Borneo Motors, has been fined \$25 for driving at a speed and in a manner dangerous to the public on Northam Road.

LEAGUE TENNIS.

SECOND AND THIRD DIVISIONS DECIDED.

The Tennis League is nearing completion and although the two minor divisions have been decided, the honours for the championship in the premier League still remain open. Everything will depend on the match between the Chinese and the Kowloon Cricket Club which in all probability will be played next Saturday.

That is the only remaining match in the First Division and the Chinese are the only undefeated team. Both Kowloon and the Indians have suffered one defeat each and should the former beat the Chinese on Saturday a triangular play off will be necessary before the venue of the championship is decided. In the event of the Chinese being victorious they will have the distinction of carrying off all three Leagues.

There are still several matches to be played in both the second and third divisions, but the Chinese, who have not been defeated in any League have made the shields theirs and cannot be beaten. With still another match in hand they are at present at the head of the second division table with the M.B.K. second with two defeats in a completed programme.

In the third division the Chinese have completed their fixtures and emerged without defeat, gaining the maximum number of points.

On Saturday, both the second and third teams of the Chinese R.C. claimed the Kowloon Cricket Club as their victims, winning quite comfortably in both Leagues.

In the first division, Kowloon defeated the M.B.K. by a broad margin.

DIVISION "A".
K.C.C. v. M.B.K.

Played at home, the Kowloon C.C. "A" team beat the M.B.K. 67-32. S. B. Green and E. C. Fincher beat Yamazaki and Yamaguchi, 8-3; beat Kitajima and Edo, 8-3; beat Edo and Itoh, 10-1.

E. F. Fincher and Millard lost to Yamazaki and Yamaguchi, 4-7; beat Kitajima and Edo, 8-3; beat Edo and Itoh, 10-1.

Transitzky and Lay lost to Yamazaki and Yamaguchi, 6-8; beat Kitajima and Edo, 7-4; beat Edo and Itoh, 7-4.

DIVISION "B".
K.C.C. v. C.R.C.

Playing at home, the Kowloon C.C. were beaten by the Chinese R.C., 20-79.

L. Jack and W. Gillins lost to C. Chou and Lau Man-kwong, 2-3; lost to Lau Pook-ki and Kwok Po-kwan, 4-7; lost to Yew Man-kit and Lo Man-ching, 1-10.

A. Guest and G. Lee lost to Chou and Lau Man-kwong, 0-11; lost to Lau Pook-ki and Kwok Po-kwan, 5-8; lost to Yew Man-kit and Lo Man-ching, 0-11.

G. Ford and Jensen lost to Chou and Lau Man-kwong, 3-8; lost to Lau Pook-ki and Kwok Po-kwan, 2-3; lost to Yew Man-kit and Lo Man-ching, 2-9.

DIVISION "C".
K.C.C. v. C.R.C.

Playing at home, the Kowloon C.C. were beaten by the Chinese R.C., 31-68.

Purves and Pederson lost to W. K. Cheung and H. F. Un, 1-10; lost to C. W. Cheung and T. C. Lu, 4-7; lost to S. Lee and W. B. Ma, 2-7; lost to Abraham and Lee, 1-10; lost to C. W. Cheung and H. F. Un, 4-7; lost to H. S. Lee and W. B. Ma, 5-6.

Hanson and Atkins lost to W. K. Cheung and H. F. Un, 4-7; lost to C. W. Cheung and T. C. Lu, 2-9; lost to H. S. Lee and W. B. Ma, 4-7.

LEAGUE TABLES.

P. W. L. Pts.			
Chinese R.C.	5	5	10
Indian R.C.	5	5	10
Kowloon C.C.	5	4	10
M.B.K.	0	2	4
United Services	6	2	4
University	6	1	5
Hongkong C.C.	3	1	5
Division "B".			
Chinese R.C.	9	9	18
M.B.K.	10	8	13
University	10	6	4
Hongkong C.C.	10	6	4
Craigongower	8	6	10
Indian R.C.	7	4	8
Kowloon C.C.	10	3	7
United Services	7	2	5
Club de Recreo	8	2	4
Club Service	9	2	4
Netherlands T.C.	9	1	8
Division "C".			
Chinese R.C.	10	10	20
Club de Recreo	7	5	10
Kowloon C.C.	7	4	8
Hongkong C.C.	7	4	8
Craigongower	7	2	4
Taikoo	10	1	2

September 24 will probably be the date of sailing from England of the members of the Royal Commission on Agriculture for India, of which Sir James Mackenna is a member.

RED LIGHT RHONDDA.

OPINIONS OF A MINERS' PADRE.

The Rev. W. J. May, who for many years worked in mining districts, writes as follows regarding the miner's life: "When the miner talks of fighting for a decent standard of living he is thinking of something more than his wages. Consistently or unconsciously, he is thinking of the conditions under which he is forced to live, the hardships placed upon his wife and the handicap with which his children contend."

It is not an accident that the Rhondda Valley is known everywhere as the land of the Red Light. Seventy years ago the Rhondda Valley was one of the beauty spots of South Wales. But—and this is the point—the land was practically valueless. The total population was only about 700.

Then coal was found and the Valley became a veritable Klondike for the men who owned the land. They granted leases to speculators on a heads I win, tails you lose basis.

The agreement was that if coal was found in paying quantities the ground landlord should receive a royalty of, usually, one shilling per ton on all coal raised. If no coal was found the speculator lost his money.

Many a pit paid the ground landlord £100 every working day in royalties alone, in addition to the monies paid for the ground required for pithead workings, railways, sidings, etc.

People swarmed into the valleys to work the new mines. The trees on the hillsides were cut down and sold for pitwood, and the denuded mountain surface came into the market as building plots, and again the landlords scored.

"Not an inch of freehold ground could be purchased down to about 1920, when taxation compelled some of the landlords to sell their leases. Nothing could be purchased but a ninety-nine years' lease of the surface."

Then Rhondda grew. The population to-day is well over 150,000 people. So completely have the ground landlords ignored the responsibilities of privilege that the Rhondda Valley has not a single free library, only the libraries attached to the institutes the men have built for themselves. There is not an art gallery or a museum within fourteen miles of it.

Though practically every house has one to four men coming home to bathe every day there is not a single public bath. There are only two or three open spaces, the size of decent pocket handkerchiefs, and with all the accidents happening daily, one small hospital.

There are rows of tiny houses, where there is only one water tap to every six houses, and men coming home to bathe every day. Hundreds of houses where the conveniences are on the opposite side of a public road!

Mrs. Dai Jones cleans her house in the morning and prepares dinner for her husband, who comes about 3 p.m. His outer clothes are heavy with fine coal dust, his underclothes are wet with sweat.

He has a bath in a wooden tub before the kitchen fire and has his dinner, if the foul air of the pit has not made him too weary to eat, and then Mrs. Jones has to clean her house over again.

Conditions are so bad that the war-time Commission on Industrial Unrest in South Wales suggested that the whole population of 150,000 people should be moved out.

In the old days when miners never saw daylight in winter, except on Sundays, these things did not matter. To-day men are thinking and the iron has entered into their souls.

What is surprising is that Mr. Baldwin talks so curiously to miners and mineowners of their duty and says nothing to ground landlords and royalty owners.

Something has been done by the Miners' Welfare Fund, secured by the Sankey Commission, but much more needs to be done before the miner gets a square deal in the matter of social conditions, and until he does there will never be peace.

Washington, July 16.—Secretary of Commerce Hoover issued an official compilation of the import and export trade of 55 leading nations showing that the total world trade in 1925 was \$53,500,000,000. This is 54.3 per cent. greater than the total for 1913 according to the statement.

Secretary Hoover pointed out that the average price increases for that reason it might be said that the world had just regained its pre-war condition in international trade. Exports from the United States to foreign countries were 17.4 per cent of the total for the world.

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SHIPPING PRICE RING.

MASTERS AND MEN ISSUE JOINT PROTEST.

Prices are being maintained at an unreasonable figure through the operation of rings and price-fixing associations. There are arrangements which prevent shipbuilders from buying direct from manufacturers even for what are really wholesale orders.

This is the keynote of the report, issued recently, of the joint committee set up by shipyard employers and trade unions to investigate costs in shipbuilding which are outside the control of the industry.

Costs arising within the industry were the subject of a separate report last October, and the inquiry was the result of the consternation aroused when, early last year, a British firm of shipowners placed in order for five large motor-driven ships with a Continental firm.

Shipbuilding firms, says the report, have to pay prices ranging from 100 to 200 per cent. above the pre-war figures for such materials as—Lead, paint, upholstery, ropes, electric cables, light castings, and in the case of certain materials manufacturers quote lower prices to foreign competitors than they quote to purchasers at home.

CALL TO GOVERNMENT.

An agreed conclusion on this phase of the inquiry was that, in view of the extent to which these high prices prejudice the total costs of shipbuilding, we agree to ask the Board of Trade to investigate the operations of rings and price-fixing associations, with a view to bringing relief to shipbuilding.

Local rates and taxation burdens are another source of complaint. The actual amount paid in representative shipbuilding, establishments for the year ended June, 1925, is said to have been more than three times as much as in the year before the war.

It is suggested that it is inequitable, at a time when establishments cannot make adequate provision for their own depreciation funds, that they should have to pay rates to provide for depreciation and redemption funds of local authorities.

Costs of social services—employment, health and pensions schemes—are placed at three times the pre-war figure, and the joint committee agreed to recommend that there "should be a more equitable distribution of the cost of these schemes between employers and workers on the one hand and the State on the other."

Complaint is made that pilotage, towage, harbour dues, public dry dock dues, and railway transport are unreasonably high compared with the general level of prices.

The joint committee have given anxious thought to the question whether the Government should not be asked to grant to the industry temporary assistance by subsidy, but they could not bring themselves to the view that either the industry's ultimate condition or the country's best interests could be helped by any such course of action.

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(Established 1917.)

Capital.
Authorized Capital.....\$20,000,000
Issued.....\$8,000,000
Paid-up.....\$4,000,000
Reserve Fund.....\$4,000,000
Surplus.....\$25,000

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H. L. HUANG, Manager.

PROHIBITION ISSUE.

REFERENDUM IN EIGHT STATES.

Washington, D. C., July 23.—A survey made to-day by prohibition enforcement officials shows that eight states have completed all the legal requirements for taking a referendum on prohibition, the vote to be taken coincident with the fall congressional elections.

These states are New York, Wisconsin, Missouri, Colorado, California, Montana, Illinois and Nevada. The referendum is considered as of the highest importance, as it is the first time that an official vote has been taken as to the public opinion on prohibition, since adoption of the prohibition amendment in 1919. The vote will cover a wide section of the country, taking in every large group of voters, Eastern, Western and Central, and will include areas which have hitherto been considered rigidly prohibition, as well as the large cities of New York, Chicago and San Francisco, where the general opinion has been that enforcement is almost impossible because of the general belief among the people that prohibition is unwise.

All the states mentioned showed a desire for modification of the prohibition amendment in the unofficial but extensive newspaper polls taken this spring.

EARNINGS COMPARED.

But they think the Trade Facilities Act, which has proved of great value, should be continued, and do not agree with the Chancellor of the Exchequer that the Act has exhausted its usefulness.

A number of interesting appendices are contained in the report. One of them gives the following weekly time rates:—

Tyne.—Skilled, 55s. 6d.; semi-skilled, 41s. 6d.; unskilled, 38s. 6d.
Rotterdam.—Skilled, 44s. 6d.; semi-skilled, 38s. 9d.; unskilled, 35s.

Hamburg.—Skilled, 85s. 8d. to 37s. 10d.; semi-skilled, 32s. 11d. to 35s. 1d.; unskilled, 28s. 1d. to 30s. 3d.

In Germany the working week is 54 hours, compared with 47 in Britain. Dutch shipwrights often work 6½ hours. In both Germany and Holland payment by results is general.

The committee propose to make representations to the Board of Trade in certain cases, and on the general question of the position of the industry the Prime Minister and the Chancellor of the Exchequer are to be asked to receive a joint deputation.

BANKS.

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Issued and Fully Paid-up.....\$22,000,000
Reserve Funds—
Sterling.....\$4,500,000
Silver.....\$27,000,000

Reserve Liability of Proprietors.....\$20,000,000
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LONDON, LYONS, MANILA, MALACCA, SHANGHAI, SINGAPORE, SOERABAYA, SUEZ, TIENTSIN, YOKOHAMA.
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Hongkong, 27th May, 1926.

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Reserve Fund (1925).....\$1,200,000

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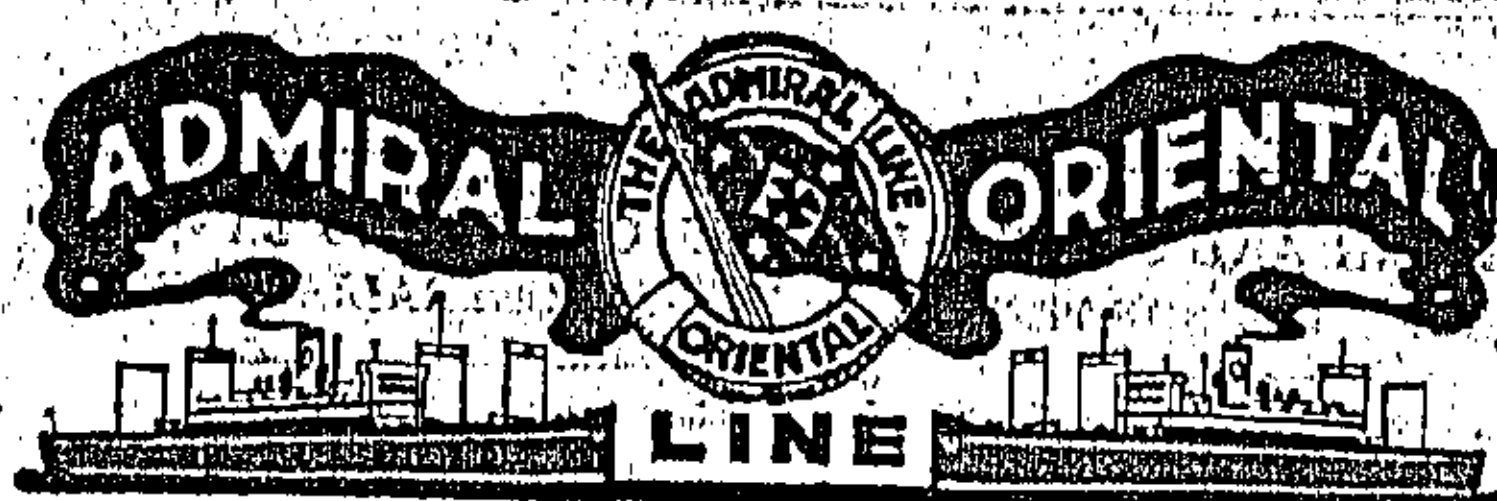
G. HOGG, Manager.

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FOR MANILA

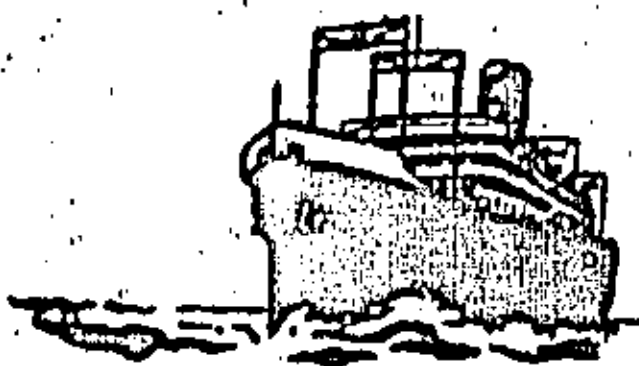
S.S. "PRESIDENT McKINLEY" ... Aug. 12th, 5.00 p.m.
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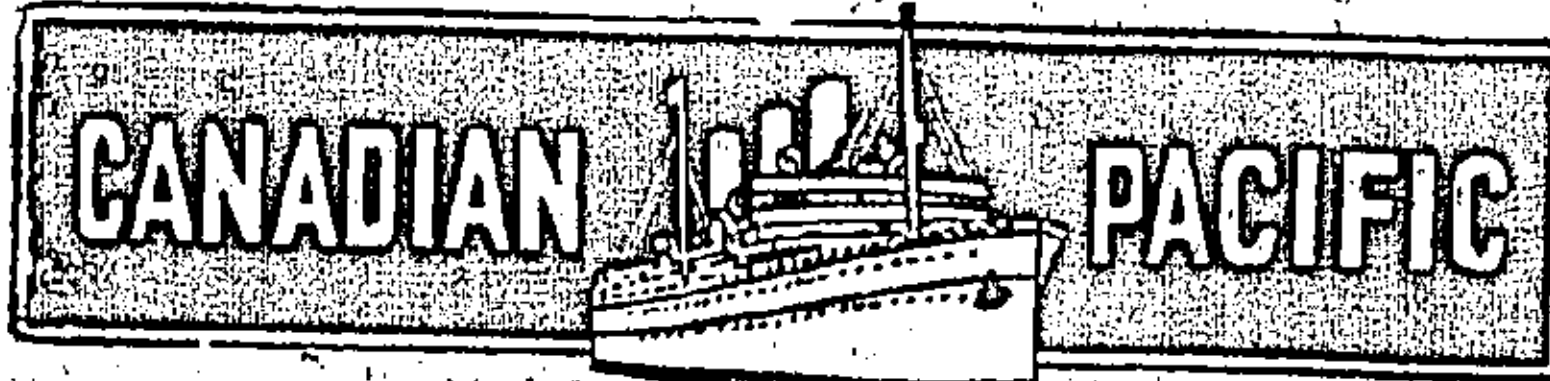
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STEAMERS	Hongkong	Shanghai	Kobe	Yokohama	Van'ar
EMPRESS OF ASIA	Aug. 19	Aug. 22	Aug. 25	Aug. 28	Sept. 6
EMPRESS OF CANADA	Sept. 3	Sept. 5	Sept. 8	Sept. 11	Sept. 20
EMPRESS OF RUSSIA	Sept. 16	Sept. 19	Sept. 22	Sept. 25	Oct. 4
EMPRESS OF ASIA	Oct. 14	Oct. 17	Oct. 20	Oct. 23	Nov. 1
EMPRESS OF CANADA	Oct. 29	Oct. 31	Nov. 3	Nov. 6	Nov. 15
EMPRESS OF RUSSIA	Nov. 11	Nov. 14	Nov. 17	Nov. 20	Nov. 29

(E/Asia and E/Russia call at Nagoiki the day after departure from Shanghai)

HONGKONG—MANILA—HONGKONG—SERVICE

Leave Hongkong	Arrive Manila	Leave Manila	Arrive Hongkong
Aug. 11	Aug. 13	E/ASIA	Aug. 14
Aug. 25	Aug. 27	E/CANADA	Aug. 28

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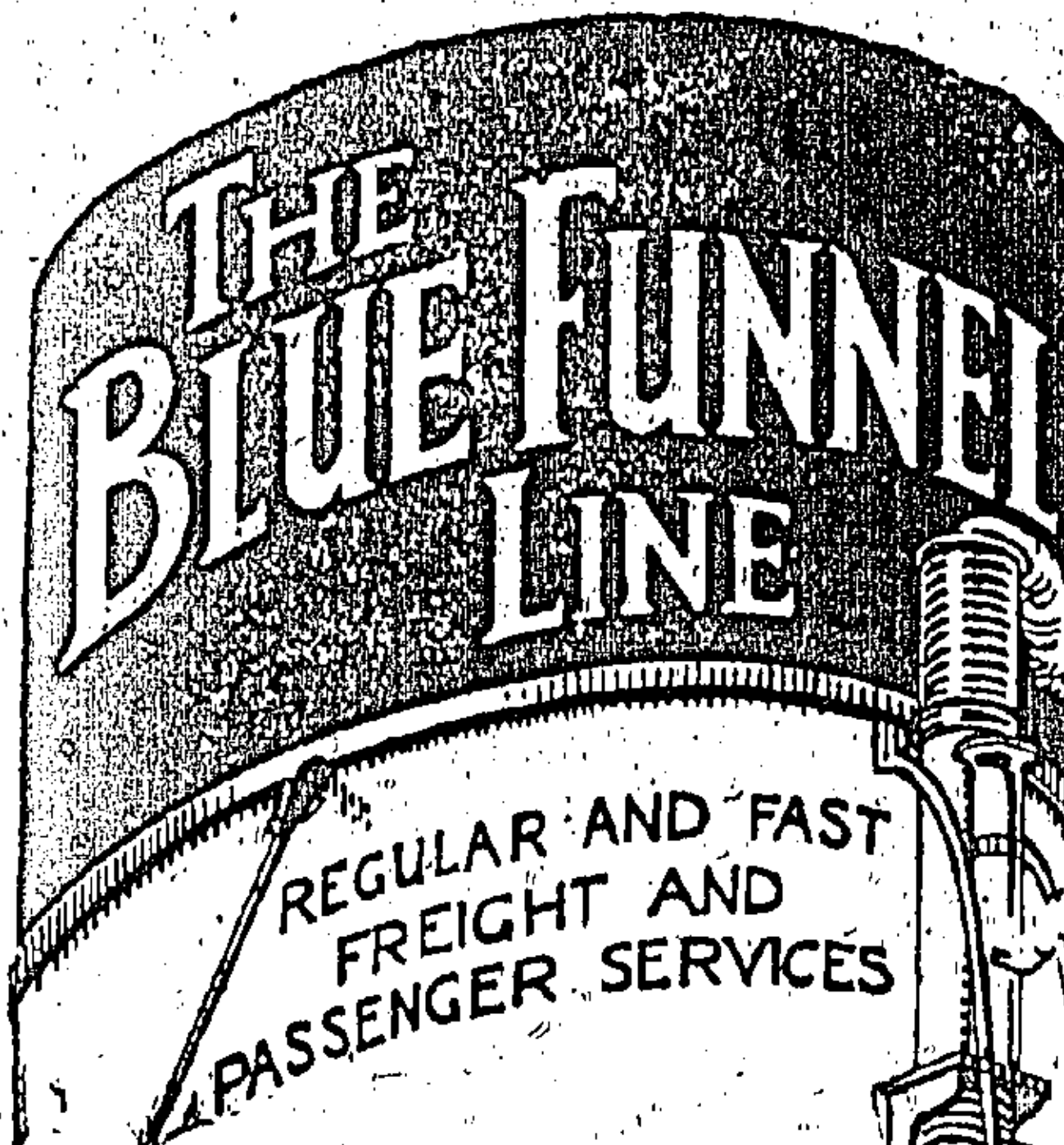
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The above steamer having accommodation for over 100. First Class passengers will be despatched via Philippines, Straits, Colombo and Suez Canal on 5th November 1926, for NEW YORK where she is due to arrive on 9th January, 1927.

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"ASPIRATION" 24th Aug. Marseilles, London, R'dam & H'burg
"SARPEDON" 30th Sept. Marseilles, London, R'dam & Glasgow
"HELENUS" 21st Sept. Marseilles, London, R'dam & H'burg

LIVERPOOL SERVICE

"EURYADES" 20th Aug. Genoa, Havre, Liverpool & Glasgow
"TELEMACHUS" 25th Sept. Genoa, Havre, Liverpool & Glasgow
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"DEUCALION" 27th Aug. New York, Boston & Baltimore.
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"ANTENOR" 17th Nov. Singapore, Marseilles & London.
"HECTOR" 15th Dec. Singapore, Marseilles & London.

Also cargo steamers with limited passenger accommodation at specially reduced rates.

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INDO CHINA STEAM NAVIGATION Co., Ltd.

SAILINGS SUBJECT TO ALTERATION.

Destination. Steamer. Sailings.

SANDAKAN	Mansang	Tues. 3rd Aug at 2 p.m.
KOBE via Amoy & Moji	Pooksang	Wed. 4th Aug at 7 a.m.
TSINGTAU via S'hai	Hopsang	Wed. 4th Aug at noon.
HONGKONG	Hongsang	Thurs. 5th Aug at 9 a.m.
STRAITS & Calcutta	Hosang	Thurs. 5th Aug at 3 p.m.
KOBE via Moji	Namsang	Sat. 7th Aug at 7 a.m.
HAIPHONG	Mingsang	Sat. 8th Aug at 8 a.m.
TIENSIN	Chipsang	Tues. 10th Aug at noon.
TSINGTAU via S'hai	Yatsing	Sun. 11th Aug at 8 a.m.
HAIPHONG	Leosang	Sun. 11th Aug at 8 a.m.
CHINKIANG	Yuensang	Tues. 17th Aug at noon.
OSAKA S'hai Moji & Kobe	Kutsang	Wed. 18th Aug at 7 a.m.
TSINGTAU via S'hai	Kwongsang	Wed. 18th Aug at noon.
TIENSIN	Cheongsang	Sun. 22nd Aug at 7 a.m.
SANDAKAN	Hinsang	Tues. 24th Aug at 2 p.m.
STRAITS & Calcutta	Kumsang	Tues. 24th Aug at 3 p.m.

For freight or passage apply to—

JARDINE MATHESON & CO. LTD.

Telephone 215. Central General Managers

FRENCH FINANCES.

POINCARÉ'S TEMPORARY MEASURES.

Paris, July 31. The Chamber of Deputies by 380 votes to 150 passed a vote of confidence in the Government on a motion to proceed with the discussion of the Finance Bill.

The Socialists opposed the motion on the ground that the present Bill would in no way suffice to restore the financial situation.

M. Poincaré, Premier and Finance Minister, said that the present Bill was in the nature of a caulk for a leak to prevent the ship from sinking. He foreshadowed further steps to create a Sinking Fund, involving a greater fiscal effort.

Later, The Chamber adopted the new financial proposals by 296 votes to 188, including an article increasing the remuneration of Senators and Deputies from 27,000 to 45,000 francs per annum.—*Reuter.*

HEAD OF THE CHEKA.

MENJINSKY SUCCEEDS DZERJINSKY.

Moscow, August 1. Menjinsky, who was assistant to the late Dzerjinsky, has been appointed to succeed him as President of the Cheka.—*Reuter.*

Proposals Carried.

Paris, August 1. The Chamber polished off twenty-seven out of the twenty-nine articles of the Finance Bill in four hours. Only two gave rise to division, one imposing fresh taxation on liquors and the other revising the succession duties.

M. Poincaré made adoption a question of confidence, whereupon they were carried by substantial majorities.

Bank Rate. The Banque has 50 raised discount rates from six to seven and a half per cent and advances from eight to nine per cent.—*Reuter.*

THE CHURCH IN MEXICO.

CHURCHES CLOSE.

Mexico City, July 31. All the Catholic Churches close at noon to-day and all the priests will withdraw as decreed by the Mexican Episcopate as a protest against the new Mexican religious laws.

In order to maintain peace and order a cordon of police surround Mexico City Cathedral.

Deportation orders were served on the Papal Envoy yesterday evening.

The Government is closing, sealing, and guarding all structures containing Church property, which will be handed over to Citizens' Committees.

Some disturbances occurred last night. People surrounding the Churches were dispersed by streams of water and firemen's hoses.

The crowds stoned the Attorney-General and judicial officials whilst they were closing a Church and annex.

The officials took refuge in the building and the crowd were kept off by whips and canes, finally being scattered by the firemen.—*Reuter.*

THE STINNES ESTATE.

LIABILITIES OF FOUR MILLION STERLING.

Berlin, July 31.

Hugo Stinnes's firm, which owes the German Banks about £4,000,000 as the result of the winding up of the late Herr Hugo Stinnes's affairs, intends to pay off the amount, for which it will raise a foreign loan.

The *Volks Zeitung* (Cologne) says that negotiations have been proceeding for some time with a British group of financiers to grant the loan.—*Reuter.*

INDUSTRIAL RELATIONS.

BRITAIN TO STUDY AMERICA.

London, July 31.

The *Daily Mail* says that the Government has decided to send a small Commission composed of leading employers' and labour workers' representatives in September to study industrial relationships in the United States.—*Reuter.*

BLOOD TEST.

INVENTION OF A FRENCH PHYSICIAN.

Paris, July 31.

Le *Matin* reports that a French physician, Dr. Arthur Vernes, has invented an apparatus for registering the degree of syphilitic and tuberculous infection, making it a possibility to fix the best enemy.—*Reuter.*

EAST POINT SUICIDE.

LEAP FROM BATH ROOM WINDOW.

The death under tragic circumstances has to be recorded of Mr. Frank Glass, mains engineer of the Hongkong Electric Company, which occurred on Saturday afternoon following a tragic happening at his residence at No. 12, East Point Terrace (opposite the Dulry Farm's premises at Causeway Bay).

Although Mr. Glass had been suffering from depression for the past week, his sudden death came as a great shock to his many friends. Shortly after 11 p.m. on Saturday, the late Mr. Glass went into his bath room and locked the door. He appears to have obtained a chair to enable him to reach the window sill and then to have thrown himself into the street, a drop of about 30 feet.

When picked up he was found to be suffering from multiple injuries from which he died shortly after his removal to the Government Civil Hospital.

The deceased was about 32 years of age and was a native of Aberdeen. He was unmarried and arrived in the Colony about eighteen months ago.

There was a large attendance of employees of the Hongkong Electric Company and other friends at the funeral, which took place at Happy Valley yesterday afternoon.

Among those who attended were Mr. F. R. Marsh (Manager), Mr. G. Murray (Assistant Manager), Capt. F. L. Brown, Messrs. V. Sorby, A. G. Everett, M. H. Arnold, G. G. Thomson, A. Watts, D. E. Western, R. W. Smith, G. Vickers, S. Deacon, C. Gahagan, C. R. Wilson, T. L. Foster, A. G. Langston, A. Allison, S. J. Clarke, J. C. Fletcher, A. J. Manton and G. A. Neves and others.

Floral Tributes.

Floral tributes were sent by Messrs. F. R. Marsh, G. S. Rodger, D. S. Hill, M. H. Arnold, E. Thompson, A. J. Abing, S. J. Clarke, V. Sorby, A. Webster, Tam Pok, D. E. Western, A. Watts, G. G. Thomson, Guy Hailey, G. G. Padgett, Tam Chun, John C. Capt. Brown, Mr. and Mrs. A. G. Langston, Mr. and Mrs. Spurgeon, Mr. and Mrs. May and family, Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Ramsay and family, Mr. and Mrs. J. Rodger, Mr. Mrs. C. R. Wilson, the Directors and staff of the Hongkong Electric Company, the office staff of the Hongkong Electric Company Ltd., Shift Engineers, Mains Department, Installation Department, H. K. Electric Recreation Club, Hongkong Tramways Ltd., and Craigengower Cricket Club.

THE AMERICAN DERBY.

REVIVED AFTER TWENTY-TWO YEARS.

Homewood, Ill., Aug. 1.

The \$100,000 American Derby, revived after the lapse of twenty-two years, was won by Colonel Bradley's Boot to Boot. The time for 1½ miles was 2 mins. 30 1/5 secs.—*Reuter's American Service.*

CHINA TEA TRADE.

EXPORTS SHOWED BIG INCREASE LAST YEAR.

A drink with "corrosive, gnawing and poisonous powers," and a "destroyer of health, an enfeeblener of the frame, an engenderer of effeminacy and laziness, a debaucher of youth and a maker of misery for the old age!"

No, this does not refer to liquor, or Hongkew whisky, but to harmless tea. This is how William Cobbett regarded it in 1822 when the English palate was beginning to be conquered by Chinese tea. Cobbett, in his "Cottage Economy," declared that the tea drinking habit had demoralized the English countryside.

Which all goes to serve as background for the statement that Chinese tea exports last year, according to the Customs returns, showed an appreciable increase as a lively demand from Russia, who is coming into the market as a direct buyer instead of buying through London, and also from the North Africa demand for green tea.

The total exports last year were 833,008 piculs as against 765,933 piculs the previous year. Russia took the largest quantity of black tea, her buying being 115,538 piculs, while Turkey, Persia and Egypt took 121,719 piculs of green tea. America took 59,453 piculs of black and 45,665 piculs of green tea, but England's buyings were less than half of this quantity. While Germany took 6,673 piculs of black tea, she only took 2 piculs of green tea. A strange fact revealed by the custom figures is that India, which supplies Britain with most of her tea, took 4,094 piculs of black tea and 29,663 piculs of green tea, showing that China, the land of tea, still commands respect from younger growers of the essentials of the fragrant brew.

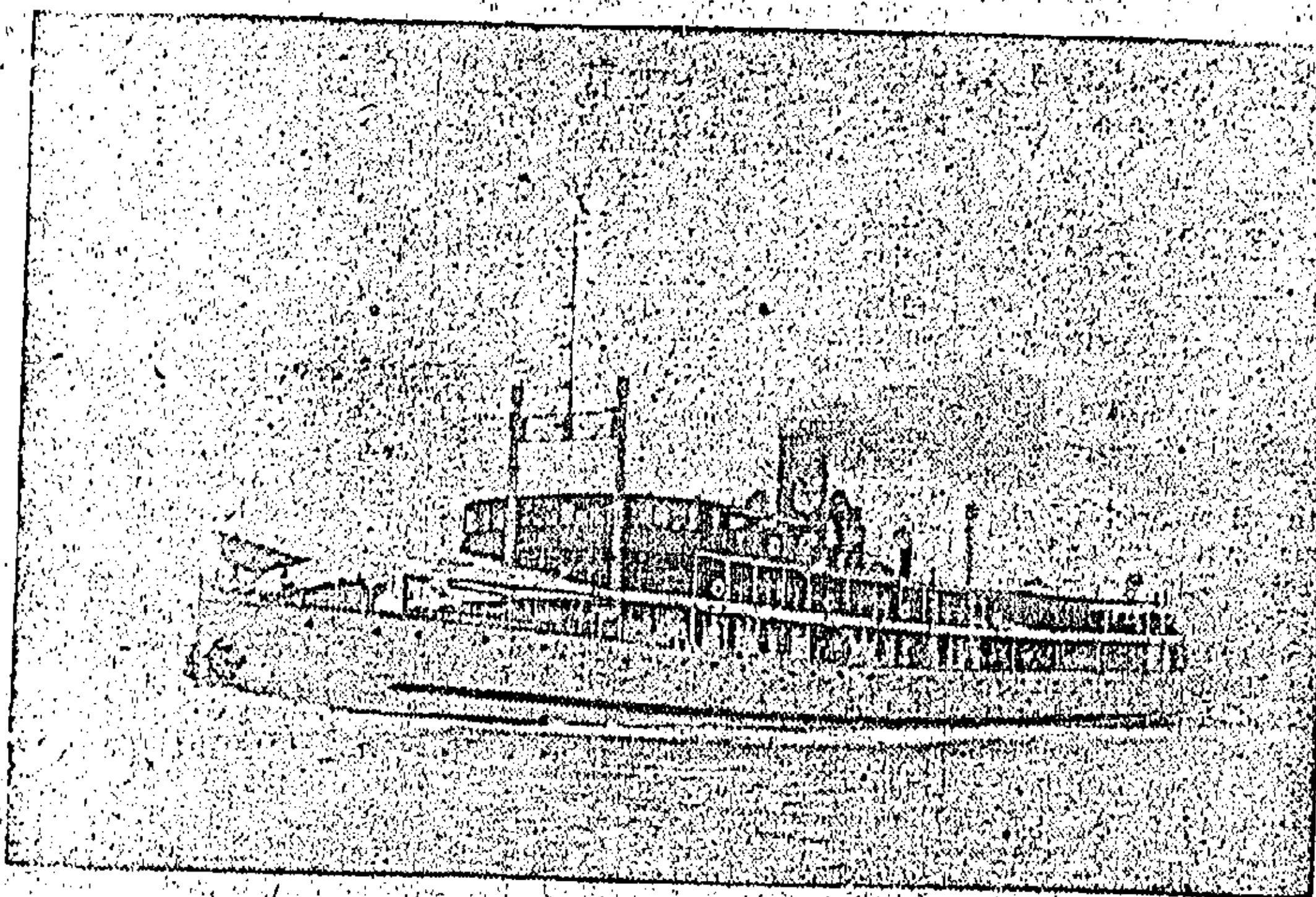
Dealing with the business side of last year's trade, the Customs report states: "The fact that Russia has come forward as a direct buyer in the China market instead of obtaining her supplies from the London market, and the strong demand from North Africa for green teas, have been the two outstanding features of the year and, together with the increased cost of production arising from the political and economic conditions of the country, have caused an inflation in prices which may prove dangerous to the future of the tea trade. This state of affairs appears to have discouraged, to some extent, the London market, while America, finding the prices of green teas too high, has been turning her attention to Japanese teas. Thanks, however, to the Russian and North African demand, the tea season was profitable, on the whole, to tea men and some record shipments were made."

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Passenger & Cargo River Steamer, built and engaged at Kowloon Dock, by the Hongkong and Whampoa Dock Co., Ltd., to the order of the Indo-China Steam Navigation Co., Ltd., for service on the Middle Yangtze, Hankow-Ichang.

Please address enquiries to the Chief Manager—

R. H. DYER, B. Sc., M.I.N.A., Kowloon Dock, Hongkong.

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(COMPANIES INCORPORATED IN ENGLAND)

Taking Cargo on through Bills of Lading for Straits, Java and Burma, Ceylon India, Persian Gulf, Mauritius & S. Africa, Australasia, including New Zealand & Queensland Ports, Red Sea, Egypt, Constantinople, Greece, Levantine Ports, Europe, Etc.

PENINSULAR & ORIENTAL PORTNIGHTLY DIRECT ROYAL MAIL STEAMERS.
(UNDER CONTRACT WITH H.M. GOVERNMENT.)

	Tons	From Hong-kong (about)	Destination
DELTA	8,097	7 Aug. noon	M'los, Casablanca London & Antwerp
MACEDONIA	1,1089	21st Aug.	Marseilles & London
KALYAN	9,144	4th Sept.	M'los, Casablanca London, Antwerp & Hull
NAGPORE	5,283	10th Sept.	M'los, London Hamburg Rotterdam & Antwerp
MALWA	10,941	18th Sept.	Marseilles & London
KASHGAR	9,005	2nd Oct.	Marseilles London, Antwerp & Hull
MOREA	10,918	16th Oct.	Marseilles & London
KHYBER	9,114	30th Oct.	M'los, L'don & Antwerp
MANTWA	10,902	13th Nov.	Marseilles & London
KARMALA	9,128	27th Nov.	M'los, London Antwerp

Frequent connections from Port Said for Passengers & Cargo to Constantinople, Pyrus, Smyrna and other Levant Ports by Steamers of the Khedivial Mail S. S. Co.

BRITISH INDIA-APCAR SAILINGS

SHIRALA	7,841	6th Aug.	S'pore, Penang & Calcutta
TALMA	10,000	13th Aug.	S'pore, Penang & Calcutta
TAKADA	6,949	4th Sept.	S'pore, Penang & Calcutta

EASTERN & AUSTRALIAN SAILINGS (South)

TANDA	6,956	27th Aug.	Manila, Sandakan, Thurs.
ST. ALBANS	4,500	1st Oct.	Island, Townsville, B'bane.
ARAFURA	6,000	29th Oct.	Sydney and Melbourne.

The P. & O. S. S. Co., Ltd. steamers will also call at Shanghai, Hio, Cebu, Kolambagan, Tawau, Timor, Darwin, or other ports on route as indicated on the following:

Frequent connections from Australia with the following:

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The P. & O. Royal Mail Steamers to London via Suez Canal.

The P. & O. Branch Service of Steamers to London via the Cape.

The New Zealand Shipping Co's Steamers for Southampton and London via Panama Canal.

SAILINGS TO SHANGHAI & JAPAN

TANDA	6,900	3rd Aug.	Moji Kobe Osaka & Yok.
NAGPORE	5,283	4 Aug. 4 p.m.	Shanghai Moji & Kobe
KALYAN	9,144	5th Aug.	Shanghai Moji & Kobe
TAKADA	6,949	14th Aug.	Shanghai Moji & Kobe
MALWA	10,941	19th Aug.	S'pore, Penang & Calcutta
SANTHA	7,754	21st Aug.	Shanghai Moji & Kobe

All dates are approximate and subject to alteration without notice. WIRELESS ON ALL STEAMERS.

Parcels Measuring not more than 21ft. x 2ft. x 1ft. will be received at the Co's Office up to noon on the day previous to sailing.

For Passage Rates, Handbooks, Freights, etc., apply to MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co., Agents.

P. & O. Bldg., Connaught Rd., C.



SERVICES CONTRACTUELS.

Mail Steamers	Next Sailing from Marseilles	Prob. arr. at P'g and Sailing for S'hai & Japan	Prob. Sailing from H'kong. for M'los.
PAUL LECAT			3rd Aug.
G'ral METZINGER			17th Aug.
AMAZONE		17th Aug.	14th Sept.
ANGERS		31st Aug.	28th Sept.
D'ARTAGNAN	13th Aug.	14th Sept.	12th Oct.

RATES OF PASSAGE MONEY TO MARSEILLES.

(including Table Wine and free Doctors' attendance)
A Class 1st Class £99.0.0 B Class 1st Class £85.0.0
Steamers 2nd Class £70.0.0 Steamers 2nd Class £61.0.0

Through Tickets to London and Loading Towns of Europe

Accommodation reserved in the trains at Marseilles.

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Phone: Central 740



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Royal Packet Navigation Co. of Batavis.

"S.S. VAN CLOON"

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For SINGAPORE, PENANG & BELAWAN DELI DIRECT.

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1st CLASS FARE to SINGAPORE \$100.00.

In connection with the Royal Packet Nav. Co's (K.P.M.) services to all destinations in the Netherlands East Indies and Australia.

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SAILINGS SUBJECT TO ALTERATION.

SAN FRANCISCO via Shanghai, Japan Ports & Honolulu	
TENYO MARU	Monday, 9th Aug. at noon.
KOREA MARU	Tuesday, 24th Aug.
SOUTH AMERICA via Japan, Honolulu, San Francisco, Los Angeles Mexico & Panama	
GINYO MARU	Wednesday, 25th Aug.
ANYO MARU	Tuesday, 12th Oct.
MARSEILLES, LONDON & ANTWERP via Singapore & Ports.	
SUWA MARU	Saturday, 14th Aug.
SYDNEY & MELBOURNE via Manila & Ports.	
MISHIMA MARU	Wednesday, 18th Aug. 11 a.m.
TANGO MARU	Wednesday, 22nd Aug.
NEW YORK and/or BOSTON via PANAMA.	
CALCUTTA MARU	Friday, 6th Aug.
BUENOS AIRES via Singapore, Durban & Cape Town.	
HAKATA MARU	Friday, 6th Aug.
BOMBAY via Singapore & Colombo.	
AWA MARU	Wednesday, 11th Aug.
CALCUTTA via Singapore, Penang & Rangoon.	
NAGASAKI, KOBE & YOKOHAMA.	
TANGO MARU	Saturday, 21st Aug.
SHANGHAI, KOBE & YOKOHAMA.	
GENOA MARU	Monday, 2nd Aug.
FUSHIMI MARU	Monday, 9th Aug.
PENANG MARU	Thursday, 12th Aug.
TOYOOKA MARU	Monday, 16th Aug.

For further information apply to: NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA Tel. Central Nos. 292, (private exchanges to all Depts.)

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FOR NEW YORK & BOSTON via SUEZ.

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REGULAR MONTHLY PASSENGER AND FREIGHT SERVICE FOR BRINDISI, VENICE AND TRIESTE (FIUME).

TAKING CARGO ON THROUGH BILL OF LADING TO GENOA, ALL ITALIAN, ADRIATIC LEVANT, BLACK SEA AND DANUBE PORTS.

REDUCED PASSAGE RATES TO BRINDISI VENICE OR TRIESTE.

"A" Class	"B" Class
£72. 10. 0.	£66. 0. 0.

NEXT SAILINGS.

OUTWARD FOR SHANGHAI, YOKOHAMA, KOBE AND MOJI.

S.S. "ROSANDRA" ... 5th August.
S.S. "FIUME L." ... 4th Sept.

HOMEWARD FOR BRINDISI, VENICE AND TRIESTE.

S.S. "VENEZIA L." ... 8th August.
S.S. "ROSANDRA" ... 31st August.
S.S. "FIUME L." ... 30th Sept.

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S.S. "UNVOLOSI" ... Sails from Calcutta 31st August.

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OUTWARDS. HOMEWARDS.

Vessel	Due Hongkong.	Vessel	Leaves Hongkong.
GLENOGLE	4th August	PEMBROKESHIRE	25th August
GLENAMOV	24th August	L'don, R'dam & H'burg via Oran.	
GLENABRY	2nd September	GLENOGLE	22nd September
GLENAPP	16th September	L'don, R'dam & H'burg via Oran.	
GLENSHANE	5th October		

Movements are subject to change without notice.

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S.S. "MALVERNIAN" via Suez Canal From H'kong 13th August.

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Fares to London "A" 1st Class £88. 2nd Class £60.
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Loading for Mauritius, Delagoa Bay, Durban East London, Algoa Bay, Port Elizabeth, Mossel Bay & Capetown.
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S.S. "DEUCALION" ... via Suez Canal ... 27th August.

Steamers proceed via Suez Canal or Panama Canal at Owners option Subject to change without notice.

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Through Bills of Lading issued to all Australian, New Zealand and Tasmanian Ports.

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HONGKONG TO SYDNEY—19 DAYS.

STEAMER	DUE HONGKONG ON OR ABOUT	SALES HENCE ON OR ABOUT
CHANGTE	11th August	18th August
TAIPING	10th September	17th September
CHANGTE	8th October	16th October
TAIPING	9th November	17th November

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METALS

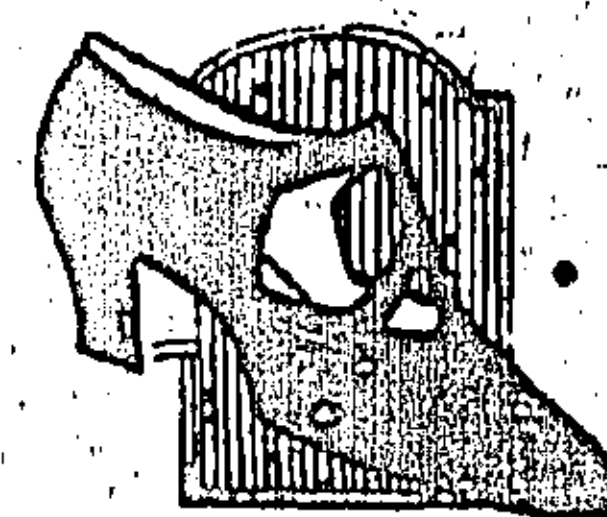
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TWO RETURNED EMIGRANTS

FINED.

Two Chinese passengers arriving in the Colony on Saturday morning by the President Jackson were later charged before Mr. J. H. B. Nihil at the Kowloon Magistrate with being in unlawful possession of arms and ammunition without a permit from the Captain Superintendent of Police.

Chun Kin (60), a passenger from the United States, was charged with possession of one revolver and 170 rounds

